The Centre Reporter.

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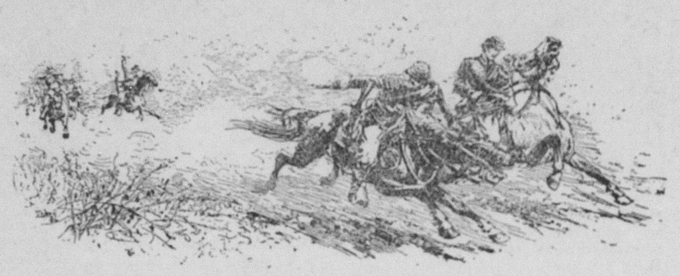
CENTRE COUNTY IN THE CIVIL WAR.

148th Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers.

By *T. P. Meyer, Sergeant Co. A., 148th Regiment, P. V.*

[To be Continued.]

CHAPTER VIII.



Union Scouts "Advancing Backwards."

Before noon the great aggregation began to scatter, and we again put up our tents on the same log walls, unpacked and settled down, and began to cook and eat.

On Feb. 24th, our heavy guns again roared out salutes of victory. Wilmington, N. C., with great stores, many guns, and thousands of bales of cotton had been captured, and for joy our forts again battered the forts and army of the enemy for many hours, in the effort to show them how glad we felt over our good news.

Feb. 27th. For the past two weeks the main occupation of the left wing of the Army was fortifying; this was a daily business, and beside guard duty in Fort Cummings, and at times also in Fort Emory, the 148th was working on fortifications every other day; on our "off day," we were just as busy in the performance of the multitude of camp duties.

None but those who have had the experience, or saw a line of forts and trenches in a siege, by a great army, can have any idea of the immense amount of work required in digging, chopping, hewing and carpentering, till the forts are built, the ditches, trenches and rifle pits dug; the bridges, magazines and bomb-proofs constructed; chevauxdefrise made and strung along; abatis fixed, planted and wired. All this done in the new part of our line, we were ready for the coming of the enemy.

On the 1st of March, the Confederates were seen massing in our immediate front, and great enthusiasm prevailed among them. Loud, enthusiastic, and prolonged cheers arose from their works and camps, and we wondered greatly what made them so happy and loud; we felt sorry for them; we knew they had little to shout about and that this little gleeful spell would soon pass away.

Night of March 2nd was a notable one for desertions from the lines of the enemy; several hundred came over and surrendered; at times in squads of considerable size some bringing their arms, for which they were always paid. It was estimated that during the greater part of march, the desertions from the Confederate Army to our lines, averaged nearly one hundred a day. Such demoralization is seldom seen in any army.

On Friday, March 3rd, at 12 m., two recruits of our brigade were shot for desertion, in the usual way and form of ceremony, at the regular place of execution, in the presence of our Division, and buried beside those who had previously been butchered for the same offense. They were Raymond and Monadnock, of the 64th N. Y. volunteers. They met their doom bravely; they followed their coffins with firm step, keeping time to the slow movement of their own dead march. They assisted in all the arrangements of their graves. They removed their coats, and begged that they might meet death without being blindfolded; this request was denied them; facing their executioners, they were blindfolded and required to sit upon their coffins; with both hands they pulled wide open the fronts of their shirts and bared their breasts to receive the deadly volley that was so soon to come, in order that the work of their execution be well and quickly done. All was ready; the officer in charge of the shooting squad commanded, Ready! and the heads of the condemned leaned way back, as they looked out from under their hoodwinks at their executioners. Aim! fire! came deliberately, and the loud report of a dozen army rifles rang out as one gun, and the two hapless soldiers fell; one dead, and the other mortally wounded; he was given a ball through the head, at close range and the tragedy was ended; the Division was marched by in single column, so all could see these hapless victims as they lay on their faces, doubled up, just as they had fallen.

It was estimated that more than a score of men were shot and hung in the Army of the Potomac every week, for desertion and other crimes during Feb. and March 1865, and the troops were disgusted with what they called needless butchery.

In regard to these numerous executions of our men, it must not be assumed that they were always approved by the best elements of our army; in many cases they were bitterly condemned, and Gen. Meade was strongly censured by many of the rank and file, some of whom denominated him as the camp butcher.

Miller-Moore.

At six o'clock Wednesday evening in the Lemont Presbyterian church, Miss Maud Moore, youngest daughter of Mrs. Ella Moore, was married to Mr. James Gelwix Miller, of York, Rev. W. K. Harnish officiating.

The bride was given away by her brother, Robert H. Moore of Philipsburg. The attendants were, Miss Elizabeth Boal Thompson, Lemont, maid-of-honor, and Wm. A. McLaughlin, Pittsburg, best man; bridesmaids—Miss Maud Moore, Philipsburg, a niece of the bride,; Mary Eloise Schuyler, Centre Hall; Mary Shaw, Delaware Water Gap, and Mary E. Thatcher, Philadelphia. Ushers—Messrs. George R. Mock, Philipsburg; Daniel Sweeney, New York; Wayne Thompson, Lemont, and Fred Sotter, Pottstown. A little niece of the bride, Elizabeth Moore, served as ring-bearer.

The bride and maid-of-honor were beautifully gowned in Paris muslin trimmed with valenciennes lace and carried roses, while the maids wore dainty gowns of point d'esprit with green girdles and carried daisies. The church was beautifully decorated for the occasion.

After the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Miller started on a trip to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington. They will reside next year at Birmingham, Mr. Miller having accepted a position in the Birmingham Mountain Seminary.

The Hustler Comments.

The Howard Hustler reprints the report of the Republican county convention from the Daily News, and then adds:

"The account is taken from the Bellefonte Daily News, which we suppose suited the Bellefonte ring, but does not suit the majority of Republican voters throughout Centre county, because it seems that Bellefonte can concoct almost any scheme and push it through whether it suits the rest or not. Talk about harmony in the party! yes, they have it but only on their side.

The Hustler has been and always is for fair play and that is what it has decided to have. You may think it does not have many readers throughout the county, but we are here to say that three thousand don't cover them, and also that it will take an active hand in this campaign as an Independent Republican organ."

Pennsylvania Chautauqua.

For the Pennsylvania Chautauqua, to be held at Mt. Gretna, Pa., July 1 to August 5, 1904, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will send special excursion tickets from New York, Philadelphia, Chestnut Hill, Phoenixville, Wilmington, Perryville, Frederick, Md., Washington, D. C., East Liberty, Butler, Indiana, Connelsville, Bedford, Clearfield, Martinsburg, Bellefonte, Waterford, Canandaigua, Wilkesbarre, Tomhicken, Mt. Carmel, Lykens, and principal intermediate points, to Mt. Gretna and return, at reduced rates. Tickets will be sold June 25 to August 5, inclusive, and will be good to return until August 16, inclusive. For specific rates, consult ticket agent.

The Shaffer-Hazel Reunion.

The second annual reunion of the Shaffer and Hazel families held at Hecla Park last week was a grand affair. Addresses were made by several selected speakers, after ex-sheriff B. F. Shaffer had called the assemblage to order. Officers for the ensuing year were elected as follows: President, B. F. Shaffer; secretary, Ammon Hazel; treasurer, Uriah Hazel. Executive committee: J. B. Hazel, Bigler Shaffer, M. F. Hazel, S. H. Shaffer and Ellis Shaffer, chairman. The members of the historical committee are the same as chosen last year.

Squire Reifsnyder's Condition.

The condition of J. H. Reifsnyder, Esq., of Millheim, was reported Wednesday by his daughter as being slightly improved. He is still at the Lock Haven hospital and the greater part of the time is unconscious.

WORLD'S FAIR.

Great June Excursion via Pennsylvania Railroad.

June 9, 16, 23, and 30 are the next dates for the great Pennsylvania Railroad coach excursions to the World's Fair at St. Louis. A special train of standard day coaches will be run on the following schedule, and excursion tickets, good going only on special train, will be sold from Altoona for $14.60. Train leaves Altoona at 7 p. m., train leaves Pittsburg, Eastern time, 10.45 p. m., Central time 9.45 p. m., arrive at Indianapolis (Breakfast) 8.30 a. m., at Terre Haute (Luncheon) 11.00 a. m., at St. Louis (Union Station) 4.00 p. m.

Tickets will also be sold from other stations on the Pennsylvania Railroad, east of Pittsburg and south of and including Elmira, Olean, and Mayville, and from stations on the New York and Long Branch Railroad, Cumberland Valley Railroad, and New York, Philadelphia and Norfolk Railroad, good going in coaches on regular trains to point of connection with special train. Rate from Bellefonte, $15.55.

Proportionate rates from other points. Returning, tickets will be good in coaches on regular trains leaving St. Louis (Union Station) on day of validation, within ten days, including date of excursi n.

For rates of fare from other stations and leaving time of connecting trains consult nearest Ticket Agent.

John A. Daley a Journalist.

John A. Daley, the Curtin township Republican war horse, and defeated candidate for nomination for Assembly at the recent Republican county convention, has turned journalist, and during the coming campaign will voice his sentiments through the Howard Hustler.

An announcement in last week's issue of the Hustler says that Mr. Daley will support the Republican national and state tickets, and advocate pure local politics in the Republican party in Centre county.

The gentleman has assumed to accomplish a task that will afford him entertainment for some time to come. There are numerous topics that he is likely to give special attention, and among them are these:

Why the Republicans of Centre county should prefer as a candidate Phil Womelsdorf to a representative farmer.

Why Judge Love granted certain licenses in Philipsburg and Rush township.

Why the Republican county convention turned down J. R. Bible, a thoroughly equipped man for the office of Prothonotary, and selected the Philipsburg bartender.

Why Bellefonte used every effort to defeat A. A. Dale, Esq., a gentleman and scholar, who would have been a credit to Centre county in the lower house in Harrisburg, and nominate a Bellefonte pool room keeper.

These are only a few of the subjects Mr. Daley can explain, and if he is as truthful and candid in the columns of his newspaper as he is otherwise, the explanations will be quite readable to the voters in Centre county.

Aaronsburg.

Mrs. H. C. Yurdy and daughter, of Shamokin, are paying a visit to Mrs. Yurdy's parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. K. Summers.

Gross Yearick, of Philadelphia, spent a few days with old acquaintances in town.

Mrs. Lizzie Haines and daughter went to Hartleton to see Mrs. Boob, mother of Mrs. Haines, who had a stroke of apoplexy.

Mr. and Mrs. James Miller, of Lochiel, are the guests of William Guisewite.

Earl Wert made a business trip to Lewisburg one day last week.

Mrs. Aaron Crouse, of Rockville, spent a few days with Mrs. Henry Crouse, on North Street.

Irvin Barner, of Flemington, was the guest of his father-in-law, Frank Detwiler, on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Bressler, of Wolf's Store, paid Mrs. Bressler's aged mother, Mrs. Jacob Bower, a visit.

Julia Kreamer is visiting her sister near Pine Creek; she has been a great sufferer all winter and it is hoped the trip may do her good.

Mrs. Charles returned home after a months' stay at Hublersburg, at which place she was taken sick; at present she is improving slowly.

Kathryn Frank returned home from a weeks' visit with friends at State College and Linden Hall.

Republican National Convention.

The Republican National Convention in session in Chicago is devoid of all interest owing to the long anticipated result. The ticket named will be

President, Theodore Roosevelt.

Vice President, Charles W. Fairbanks.

The man who is proud of his learning needs more.

DEATHS.

WESLEY GRAY.

Friday morning of last week Wesley Gray, one of Half Moon township's leading citizens, passed away at his home in that township. Two weeks ago he was stricken with paralysis and remained in an unconscious condition up until the time of his death.

The deceased belonged to one of the pioneer families of Half Moon township, his ancestors being among the early settlers of the country. He was born within sight of where he died and was seventy-four years of age. He was a farmer and a progressive citizen and a member of the Methodist church.

He is survived by his wife and the following children: Mrs Frank Clemson, of Buffalo Run; Herbert and Ethel at home.

He also leaves two brothers, Dr. J. Edward Gray, of Williamsport, president of Dickinson Seminary, and Green Gray, of Stormstown.

FRANK BOHN.

Frank Bohn, a prominent College township farmer passed peacefully away Wednesday afternoon of last week at 2 o'clock after a months illness from stomach trouble. The deceased was aged about fifty years, a sincere christian, a kind and indulgent husband and father and leaves to mourn their loss a wife and four children, also the following brothers and sisters: David Bohn, of Boalsburg; William Bohn, of Ohio, and Mrs. George Bradford, of Centre Hall.

The funeral took place from the Reformed church, of which he was a life long member, Saturday morning, Rev. A. A. Black officiating. Interment in the Boalsburg cemetery.

DAVID A. KENNEDY.

David A. Kennedy, a former resident of Stormstown, died at his home in Cumberland, Maryland, of rheumatism. He was a faithful employee of the railroad company at that place and leaves a wife and two sons.

He served during the entire civil war as a member of Co E, 45th Pennsylvania Volunteers and was a faithful soldier.

He was born and raised in Stormstown and has many relatives and friends there. He was seventy two years of age. Interment was made at Philipsburg.

Accused of Arson.

Dominick Constance, an Italian, was arrested and bound over for court on the charge of arson, he having been charged with having oiled and fired the dwelling house of David Rothrock, of near Bellefonte, Monday night. The flames were extinguished before much damage was done.

Early in the spring Mr. Rothrock's large farm barn was burned to the ground, and suspicion pointed to the same Italian, who had just been released from jail, the prosecutor having been Mr. Rothrock.

Chapel Dedicated.

The dedication of the Trinity Reformed Chapel took place at Lewistown Sunday June 19. The congregation was organized about two years ago. Services were held in the courthouse. The new chapel has a seating capacity of eight hundred and cost $16,000. The collection at the services Sunday reached $2500, and the chapel was dedicated free of debt.

The pastor is Rev. E. T. Rhoades, who assisted in building the chapel, wielding a pick and shovel or pushing a wheel-barrow loaded with stone or dirt.

It is proposed eventually to build a church costing $50,000.

Potter Elects Teachers.

The Potter township school board met Friday afternoon at Tusseyville, the full board, consisting of Messrs. P B. Jordan, D. K. Keller, W. W. McCormick, John A. Heckman, J. F. Heckman and W. R. Neff, being present. The following teachers were elected:

Pine Stump, Samuel Goodhart.
Manor, Earl Grove.
Tusseyville, J. B. Fortney.
Tussey Sink, Blanche Rossman.
Colyer, John H. Bitner.
Fleisher's Gap, Annie Grove.
Cold Springs, Claude Stahl.
Pine Grove, J. R. Bible.
Rock Grove, Cora Brown.
Egg Hill, Harry C. Burkholder.
Potters Mills, Grammar, Marcellus Sankey.
Potters Mills, Primary, Cordelia Acker.
Cross Lane, Jennie Sweetwood.
Earlystown, Thomas L. Moore.
Plum Grove, vacant.
Centre Hill, vacant.

It's easy to be good-natured if you haven't anything else to do.

It's easier to live within your income than without it.

Senator Penrose hopes to continue as the dispenser of political spoils in Pennsylvania. The job fits a man of Penrose's calibre.

Governor Pennypacker's blow to the state constitution is echoed in every part of the state in which the machine is in control.

A number of Filipinos visited Independence hall, Philadelphia. Wonder what they think of the "cradle of liberty"?

According to James J. Hill, a very high authority, Attorney General Knox when counsel for Andrew Carnegie received $600,000 for his legal fee in the organization of the Billion Dollar Steel Trust. That would be an extremely small percentage on the capital. But what if the fee, like that of some of the promoters, were paid in the common stock of the company.

An eastern editor says that a man got into trouble by marrying two wives. A western editor says that many have done the same thing by marrying one. A southern editor says that quite a number of his friends found trouble enough in barely promising to marry without going any further. A northern editor says that a friend of his was bothered enough when he was simply found in company with an other man's wife.

With all parts of the program of the Republican National Convention duly assigned, including the "(applause)," the only embarrassment is in finding means of holding the convention in session more than two days to satisfy Chicago landlords. When the Democratic National Convention shall assemble at St. Louis the conditions will be quite different. In fact, there will be in Chicago and St. Louis all the difference between a convention controlled by the Trusts and managed by office holders and a convention emanating from the people and representing their will.

President Roosevelt is said to have changed his mind in regard to the Philippines. He is now declared to be in favor of giving the Filipinos promise of contingent independence. If elected he will pay a visit to the Philippines and investigate the islander's claim to independence. This is an ante-election promise, and is not to be construed as meaning anything. The president's party is strenuously opposed to freedom for the Filipinos, and the president is strictly a party man. The Philippines cannot hope to gain independence so long as the Republican party is in power, and the president's promise is made for political purposes only.

Judge Parker has two hundred and seventy-eight delegates instructed for him including those from Alabama who are not, strictly speaking, instructed, but whose State Convention indorsed the Judge. Mr. Hearst has two hundred and three. Messrs. Olney and Wall and Judge Gray are the favorite sons of the States, whose delegates are instructed for them, and Senator Gorman is the favorite adopted son of West Virginia, whose delegates are instructed for him, while the delegates from the Senator's own State are not instructed. The other two hundred and eighty-seven delegates already chosen are uninstructed, but those from South Carolina favor the New York Judge, and those from Nebraska are controlled by Bryan. More than a quarter of the Hearst column is made up of Illinois delegation which is instructed for him, but controlled by John P. Hopkins, who is not a supporter of Hearst. Five conventions will be held this week, and that of Missouri next week.

LOCALS.

D. W. Bradford, south of town, is credited with having the most advanced field of corn in the neighborhood.

John McClenahan is proving himself capable of laying cobble stones. His work will be seen in front of the bank and the drug store.

Mr. and Mrs. James Carner, of Hublersburg, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. H. Stiver, Mr. Carner being a brother of Mrs. Stiver.

It is reported that James B. Strohm, of Centre Hill, has a string to a government appointment that he purposes pulling in the near future.

Dennis White, who spent the greater part of his life in Centre and Clearfield counties, died at the home of his son James, at Iselin, Indiana county, aged eighty-two years.

Adam Krumrine, one of the prominent farmers and Democrats of South Potter, was a caller Saturday morning. Mr. Krumrine is fortunate in having a wheat field that shows prospects for a good yield.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS.

If you have printing to do, send it to the Reporter office.

George Emerick will re-roof several of his farm buildings.

Mifflinburg is now using its electric light plant, and all seems satisfactory.

H. G. Strohmeier, the marble dealer, received a car load of Ohio sawed stone.

Prof. J. A. Young's Summer Normal School will close Friday of this week.

A. A. Pletcher, the Milwaukee farm machine representative, was in town last week.

B. D. Brisbin improved the Bitner property, purchased by him, by re-roofing the house.

Mrs. William Colyer laid a new sawed stone walk in front of her residence, near the station.

Jacob Wagner, last week, returned from a visit to his son, Rev. J. W. Wagner, at Buckhorn, Columbia county.

Mrs. Elizabeth Lingle, west of Centre Hall, is having her dwelling house repainted. The work is being done by J. T. Lee.

H. A. Detwiler returned home from the Peninsula state to Smullton recently. He will again take up teaching public school.

Ephraim Harter, of the famous Red Mill flouring mills, was in town Friday to dispose of a load of choice flour—the only kind made by the Harters.

W. B. Mingle, Esq., last week had cobbles set around the hitching posts in front of the bank building. That quarter is decidedly improved by this act.

Senator Quay left nothing to charity. The whole of his vast wealth will be divided among his five children, the widow having previously been provided for.

J. M. Garbrick, of Linden Hall, who recently graduated from Franklin and Marshall College, has been elected principal of the High School at Fleetwood, Berks county.

Elizabeth Hoy, little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Emory Hoy, of Philadelphia, came up to Centre Hall last week to spend several months with her grand parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Mingle.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Gilliland, of New Bloomfield, attended the commencement exercises at State College, their daughter, Miss Bertha V., being one of the graduates in the Latin Scientific course.

Mrs. Meyer and Paul, wife and son of Merchant Thomas F. Meyer, of Millheim, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Meyer, in this place last week. They had been to Bellefonte previous to stopping here.

David Thomas has been arrested, charged with robbing the store of Frederic Steiner, at Lewisburg. This is the robbery that was committed after Mr. Steiner had released his vigil for an anticipated burglar.

The Howard Cannery will have the product of something like two hundred and fifty acres to harvest. This acreage is planted to corn, tomatoes, string beans, and besides this is the pumpkin crop.

Millheim is eating Union county bread to such an extent that Baker Guy Roush, of Mifflinburg, is obliged to put a wagon on the road in that quarter. The bread is shipped to Coburn by rail.

The July Woman's Home Companion is a souvenir number of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition. It contains nine large pages dealing with the Fair in picture and text, and will serve as a beautiful memento for Fair visitors.

J. R. Lawyer, south of town, Wednesday started for St. Louis, where he will visit the exposition and his son, William Lawyer. Mr. Lawyer is well advanced in years, but will make the trip unaccompanied, as he did five years ago.

The marriage of Miss Margaret Shannon, of Norwood, and Frank Roach, of Philadelphia, took place last Wednesday. The bride is the youngest daughter of Rev. and Mrs. Samuel Shannon, of Norwood, formerly of this place. The groom holds a position with the Reading railroad, at the Philadelphia terminal.

The worst horror of the year occurred in the East river, New York, Wednesday of last week when the dreadful accident occurred, the details of which are found on another page of this number. If it is possible to place the responsibility for this awful calamity which sent several hundred persons suddenly into eternity and shrouded many homes in the blackest woe, it is to be hoped the guilty ones will be unearthed and punished.

TERRIBLE FATE OF EXCURSION PARTY

Crowded New York Steamboat Catches on Fire in East River--Loss of Life Nearly 1000.

Bodies found.....624
Unidentified dead..... 31
List of Missing.....300

New York, (Special).—Flames that suddenly swept over the excursion steamer General Slocum in the East river, near its junction with Long Island Sound, at 10 A. M. Wednesday, drove hundreds of the passengers to leap overboard, while hundreds more who remained aboard were burned to death.

It seems certain that at least 600 persons, mostly women and children, met death. The number of deaths is likely to reach as many as 800. Four hundred and ninety-eight bodies had been recovered at a late hour and divers were at work taking more from the hold of the steamer. The remains of many persons who leaped into the river have not yet been found.

The fatalities all occured in a brief race with death over a half-mile course which Capt. William H. Van Schaik, of the boat, made in trying to beach her on North Brother Island. He succeeded in this attempt, but the fire meanwhile had spread so rapidly that one of the vessel's decks had collasped, killing many, while the flames had destroyed others or driven them to death in the water.

Boat's Officers Arrested.

The captain has been severely criticised for not running the boat ashore when the flames were discovered. With five of his men he was arrested.

Some of the survivors declare that the life-preservers were rotten and proved utterly uselss when the passengers tried to use them.

About 1,200 persons, members of an excursion party given by St. Mark's Evangelical Lutheran Church, 232 Sixth street, on East Side of Manhattan, were on board the General Slocum. The greater number of passengers were women and children. All were on their way to Locust Grove, a summer resort on Long Island Sound.

The dangerous Hell Gate rocks had been passed in safety and the steamboat was off the east end of Randall's Island when there was a sudden fire in the forward part f the vessel. The overturning of a pot of grease in the boat's kitchen had caused it. What seemed an explosion followed.

A cloud of smoke and flames shot into the air.

Death In Frightful Panic.

Instantly the women became panic-stricken. The crew of 23 men were powerless in the frenzied throng that rushed toward the stern, pursued by the flames. The pressure against the rails was so great that they soon gave way. Forty or fifty persons were almost immediately swept overboard.

Captain Van Schaik then headed the boat for North Brother Island and the harbor craft began picking up the trail of victims and survivors who continued dropping in her wake by fives and tens, some supported by life preservers, but most of them without such aid.

Hundreds fleeing from the flames fled to the upper hurricane deck, which, under the unusual strain, together with the burning of its supporting stanchions, collapsed. One hundred or more were thus precipitated to the middle deck, and many of them were thrown bodily into the blazing hold.

Few Could Be Saved.

The steamer's whistle was blowing for assistance, and tugs and other nearby craft answered the call. Before any of the boats could reach the burning steamer, however, the frantic women and children had begun to jump overboard. The current was strong and there are many whirlpools in the channel. The boats that always abound in the vicinity picked many persons from the water, but these were only a small number of those struggling in the swift current.

As the fire increased the struggle to gain points of vantage at the stern became frightful. Women and children crowded against the after rail until it gave way and hundreds were pushed off into the river. After this there was a steady stream of persons who jumped or were thrown into the water.

By this time the shrieking whistle of the Slocum had attracted the attention of river craft for a considerable distance around, and tugs and other small boats were rushing to the assistance of the burning steamer.

Rows Of Heads In Water.

These small boats rescued all those in the water whom they could reach, but many persons struggled and sank before any help could reach them. In the wake of the Slocum as she hurried upstream was a line of little black spots marking the heads and bodies of those who had sought to escape the roaring furnace in the ship by throwing themselves overboard.

Few of those saved by the small boats had on life-preservers. At no time during the progress of the fire was there any good opportunity either to lower the lifeboats or get the life-preservers out from underneath the seats. This gives an idea of the rapidity with which the flames swept the decks.

It was an experience harrowing and terrible, and that any escaped alive seems wonderful.

Through all the panic during that inferno, with fire and smoke surrounding them, the officers and men of the doomed boat remained at their posts, but they were powerless to avert the catastrophe.

Shore Reached At Last.

The Slocum got within 50 feet of Island and there stopped in the shallow water. It was just before she the northwest point of North Brother beached that the hurricane deck, the supports of which had burned away, fell with its load of women and children, adding to the panic and horror of those on the deck below. Soon afterward parts of the second and third decks also caved in. But before this happened the tug Walter Tracey had gone alongside the burning steamer and been lashed to her. Many of the passengers were taken off by the crew of the Tracey, which remained alongside the steamer until the tug's pilot house took fire.

The place where the Slocum beached was just off the scarlet fever ward on North Brother Island. The patients who had been out on the porches and lawns watching the approach of the burning steamer were ordered indoors. Physicians on the island hastened to the assistance of those who were being brought ashore through the shallow water. Many of those who leaped from the Slocum were carried away by the current, even after she was beached, and were drowned.

Pastor's Tale Of Horror.

One of the best narratives of the disaster was that of Rev. George C. F. Haas pastor of the church. His wife, Gertrude, and his daughter, Anna, are among the dead. He said:

"The fire started in the kitchen, in the forward part of the ship, when we were off One Hundred and Thirty-fourth street. I understand that some fat which boiled over started the blaze and that the men in the kitchen ran for their lives. At that time most of the women and children were jammed in the rear part of the boat, where the band was playing. Why the captain did not point the boat for the sunken meadows near-by I do not understand.

"He kept on, and the fresh wind from the Sound drove the fire back through the different decks with lightning rapidity. In three minutes from the time the fire started all the decks were ablaze.

"I was in the rear of the boat with my wife and daughter. Women were shrieking ond clasping their children in their arms. Some mothers had as many as three or four children with them. Death from fire was to be escaped only to die in the water.

"When the fire shot up to the top deck and drove the crowd back the panic was terrible to witness. The crush from the forward part of the boat swept along those in the rear. The women and children clung to the railings and stanchions, but could not keep their holds.

Over The Rail "Like Flies."

"I believe that the first who fell into the water were pushed over. Women and children went over the railings like flies.

"With my wife and daughter I was swept over the rail. The fire then looked as if it would get us the next instant. I got my wife and daughter out on the rail and then we went overboard. I was in such an excited state that I don't remember whether we were pushed over or jumped. When I struck the water I sank, and when I rose there were scores about me fighting to keep afloat.

"One by one I saw them sink around me. I looked around for my wife and daughter, but could not see their faces anywhere. They probably sank as soon as they struck the water. With a great effort I managed to keep afloat, but my strength was about gone when a man on a tug picked me up."

The following telegraphic message from President Roosevelt has been received by Pastor Haas:

"Accept my profound sympathy for yourself, your church and your congregation."

Quickest Fire He Ever Saw.

Captain Van Schaik said:

"I did the best I could according to my experience. We had had fires on the General Slocum before, and had always been able to handle them. I had no idea that the fire would get away from us this time.

"A fireman came up to me in the pilot-house and said there were flames on the lower deck. I started to go toward One Hundred and Thirty-fourth street. I was warned off by the captain of a tugboat, who shouted to me that the boat would set fire to the lumber yards and oil tanks. Besides I knew that the shore there was lined with rocks, and that the boat would founder with all hands if I ran ashore there.

"The only place where I could beach her safely was at North Brother Island, and I started there. A fresh breez was blowing.

"I looked back and saw that the port side of the boat was all ablaze. It was the quickest fire I ever saw. The fire was in the woodwork under the forward boilers on the port side, as I made it out in the excitement.

"Wind Was Too Strong."

"I held for North Brothers' Island, expecting to beach the Slocum sideways. I had sent some of the crew below to fight the fire, and thought they could hold it, but the wind was too strong. Then they began to jump overboard. The rail of one of the decks gave way and a lot of people fell into the water.

FINANCIAL.

In New York this week $1,338,000 of dry goods was marketed and in the same week last year $1,777,000.

For five months of 1904 bank clearings in Pittsburg have decreased $258,000,000 compared with the same time in 1903.

J. S. McCord & Co. had a private despatch saying; "W. K. Vanderbilt is expected home on July 10. The Pennsylvania Railroad will then offer to buy half the Ontario & Western Railroad Company's stock if the New York Central will take the other half."

To Avenge Finland.

St. Petersburg, (By Cable).—General Bobrikoff, Governor-General of Finland, was shot and mortally wounded at 11 o'clock A. M., at the entrance to the Finnish Senate at Helsingfors. The assassin, a lawyer named Schaumann, a son of Senator Schaumann, immediately committed suicide. Bobrikoff was shot in the stomach and neck. The attack is ascribed to Finnish patriotism.

NEWS IN SHORT ORDER.

The Latest Happenings Condensed for Rapid Reading.

Domestic.

Two robbers entered the home of Mrs. Barbara Young, an old woman, at Altoona, Pa., beat her insensible because she would not give them money, and after obtaining $18 set fire to the beds in the several rooms and left. Mrs. Young was rescued by members of a fire company.

Charles Stimmell, a prisoner in the Ohio Penitentiary, who had been condemned to death, received a reprieve from Governor Herrick three minutes before the time set for the electrocution.

The court dismissed the suit brought in a Chicago court by one of the victims of the Iroquois disaster against Klaw & Erlanger, deciding that service had to be made personally.

Special inspection of passenger steamboats plying from Chicago have been ordered as a result of the General Slocum disaster.

The one hundredth and twenty-ninth anniversary of the Battle of Bunker Hill was celebrated in Boston and adjacent towns.

Santos-Dumont arrived in New York with his dirigible airship "No. 7" to compete for the prize at the World's Fair.

Massachusetts Prohibitionists nominated Mrs. Fannie J. Clary for secretary of state.

Charles F. McCoy, a Chicago lawyer, committed suicide in Jacksonville, Fla.

A new cotton bug has appeared in Alabama.

Charles H. Moyer, president of the Western Federation of Miners, who was released by Federal Judge Thayer on habeas corpus, is now a prisoner in the county jail in Telluride, Col.

Counsel for Mrs. Nan Patterson, who is under indictment in New York for the murder of "Caesar" Young, made a motion for an inspection of the minutes of the grand jury.

Ten thousand Confederate veterans marched in the parade which was the closing feature of the fourteenth annual reunion of the United Confederate Veterans.

Testimony was begun in Boston in the case of the Western Union Telegraph Company against the Bell Telephone Company for $4,000,000.

A number of papers on pertinent subjects were read before the National Conference of Charities and Corrections, in Portland, Me.

Dr. Nathan Smith Davis, one of the most prominent physicians in America, died in Chicago at the age of 87 years.

The theatrical managers and proprietors of Philadelphia formed an organization.

William A. Snyder, a former evangelist, was arrested in Philadelphia and confessed that he had obtained money in Maryland towns and elsewhere by raising the amount on postal orders.

Frederick Warren, of Buffalo, lost $5,000, the savings of a lifetime, while playing English faro in New York upon recommendation of a friend, whom he attack with a cane.

Warrants have been issued for 87 miners in the Cripple Creek district for complicity in the dynamite outrage at Independence. All are charged with murder.

Gen. Stephen D. Lee and Dr. Randolph H. McKim, of Washington, were the principal speakers at the reunion of Confederates in Nashville, Tenn.

At Brazil, Ind., a Methodist preacher opened a dance with prayer as a compromise with the young folks who participated in the social event.

Miss Elsie Whelen and Mr. Robert Goelet, of New York, were married at Wayne, a suburb of Philadelphia.

Mrs. Martha E. Lunn, aged 61 years, has been arrested at Elgin, Ill., on the charge of forgery.

At Cleveland, O., Mrs. L. D. Allen shot her husband and then herself. She was 20 years old.

Arrangements for the fourteenth international convention of the Baptist Young People's Union of America, [illegible] meet in Detroit July 5 to 10, are approaching completion.

Levy T. Hannum, a Trenton lawyer, who is legal representative in this country of Ion Perdicaris, has received a letter from him written in his captivity.

James King Clarke, the former husband of Miss Esther Bartlett, the "violet bride," was married in Bryn Mawr, Pa., to Miss Katherine Willoughby.

Lieut. Nathaniel T. Bowers, Engineer Corps, of Fort Leavenworth, was killed near the target range by lightning, which struck his rifle.

In a free fight at Brands Springs, Ga., Bert Smith, while shooting at someone else, hit and killed John L. Smith, his step-grandfather.

Rev. Dr. Frank Gunsaulus, formerly of Baltimore, in a baccalaureate sermon in Chicago, said that all men are not created equal.

Foreign.

Miss Mary Thomas, President of Bryn Mawr College, in an address before the Women's Congress, in Berlin, defended university work for women from the assertion that it overtaxes their physical strength and renders them unfit for matrimony.

General Bobrikoff, governor general of Finland, who was shot by a Finn at Helsingfors, died of his wounds, and the Governor General of Warsaw was stricken with paralysis when informed of Bobrikoff's death.

Philip James Stanhope (Liberal), the youngest son of Earl Stanhope, was elected to the House of Commons from the Harborough division of Leicestershire, defeating C. H. Dixon, the Conservative candidate.

The French Foreign Office announces the final closing of the French loan of 12,500,000 to Morocco, secured by Morocco's customs receipts.

The Sultan of Morocco has sent word to Raisuli, the bandit chief, that all the latter's demands for the release of the captives have been complied with.

Four hundred Moorish troops of the worst type were landed at Tangier, sent by the Sultan for the protection of Europeans. These troops will endanger the chances for the release of Perdicaris and Varley, who are held by the bandit Raisuli.

Seid, who murdered Rev. Benjamin Labaree, of the American mission, in North Persia, was brought to Tabriz for trial.

BLOODY FIGHT IN THEORY

Bull Run to Be Fought Over, But Without Bullets.

THOSE MANEUVERS AT MANASSAS.

Never Before in the Peace History of the United States Have Such Maneuvers Been Held as Those Now Being Planed—Over 25,000 Troops Will Engage in the Mimic Warfare—Fight in Perfect Harmony.

Washington, D. C., (Special).—Preparations are being completed under the direction of Maj-Gen. Henry C. Corbin, Commanding the Atlantic division, for the combined army and militia maneuvers to be held in September near Manassas, Va.

Never before in the peace history of the United States have such maneuvers been held as those now being planned. Over 25,000 troops will engage in the mimic warfare—troops from every State in the Atlantic division, which runs from Maine to Florida east of the Mississippi river, except New Hampshire, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Mississippi and possibly Alabama. There also will be more than 5,000 regulars, who, with the guardsmen, will fight over again the historic battle of July 21, 1861, when 31,000 Confederate soldiers under General Bauregard defeated about 28,000 Federal troops under General McDowell. In September, however, Northern and Southern soldiers will fight side by side and against each other, but always in the most perfect harmony.

Major-General Corbin, now the second ranking officer in the army, will command this entire force and will establish his headquarters at Gainesville, Va., about five miles from Manassas. One army will be encamped in Thoroughfare Gap, 10 miles from Manassas and the other near Manassas. Although the problems to be worked out during the maneuvers have not yet been finally planned, it is generally understood that the conditions which confront the commanders of the Federal and Confederate forces in 1861 will be simulated as far as possible, considering the many improvements that have been made in the art of warfare.

A Lee And A Grant To Be There.

Two names famous in Civil War history will be represented by two prominent brigadier-generals of the regular army who have been selected to command the troops in the Manassas, manuevers. They are Lee and Grant. Brig.-Gen. Jesse M. Lee, United States Army, it is true, is not closely connected with the famous Lee family of Virginia, but Brig-Gen. Frederick D. Grant is a son of the late Gen. U. S. Grant. The other general officers of the regular army who will participate are Brig.-Gens. Franklin J. Bell, Theodore J. Wint, Tasker H. Bliss and Thomas H. Barry. Many general officers of the militia will also be present and command brigades and divisions during the mimic fights.

The War Department has been informed that a number of veterans of the Civil War, whose interest in that memorial conflict never will die, will be present as spectators in September. It is expected that hundreds of old soldiers who were present at one of the battles of Bull Run will come from all parts of the country to see the younger generation fight the old fights with modern implements of war. Some of the ablest military strategists in the regular army today will be present to map out the policy of the opposing forces, and Lieut.-Gen. Adna R. Chaffee, himself a veteran of the Civil War, will be present as an observer.

At Work At Manassas.

Col. H. O. H. Heistand, adjutant-general of the Atlantic division, is at Manassas now completing the arrangements for the maneuvers. More than 50 square miles of ground, extending from Manassas to Thoroughfare Gap and including all of the first and second Bull Run battlefields, has been leased for the maneuvers by the War Department. The farmers of the country have entered into the plan and have willingly let the Government have the use of their land for a small rental. Great care will be taken by the War Department to see that the troops conduct themselves properly and that no damage shall be done to property.

STRUCK DEAD BY LIGHTNING.

Boys Stood Under a Tree to Avoid Shower and Were Killed.

Chester, Pa., (Special).—Four boys standing under a cherry tree on a farm near Felton, three miles from here, were killed by a stroke of lightning. The dead are:

Ross Smith, aged 13 years, of Felton, son of the owner of the farm.

Alexander Fullerton, 13 years of Felton.

Williams Davis, 14 years, of Upland.

Samuel Clark, 15 years, colored, of Chester.

About a dozen boys went from Felton to pick cherries on the Smith farm. Farmer Smith told his son Ross, who was about to go to Sunday school, to order away the boys that he might see at the cherry trees. On the way young Smith met Fullerton, Davis and Clark. As they approached the cherry trees the dozen boys from Felton ran away.

A storm was coming up, and the four other boys went under one of the trees. They had been there only a few minutes when lightning struck the tree. Smith, Fullerton and Davis were killed instantly. The colored boy was so badly injured that he died on the way to a hospital.

Pacific Liner Wrecked.

Melbourne, (Special).—The Peninsula and Orienta liner Austrailia, inward bound, struck on the rocks at Point Nepean, at the eastern entrance to Port Phillip Bay, Victoria, at 2 o'clock A. M. The bottom of the vessel was stove in and it is feared that she will be a total loss. The passengers and crew were safely landed. The Australia was bound from London to Sydney, N. S. W. She was of steel and of 3,702 tons net.

LIVE WASHINGTON AFFAIRS.

Wireless Telegraphy for Weather Bureau.

The Secretary of Agriculture has directed Chief Moore, of the United States Weather Bureau, to take immediate steps to add wireless telegraphy to the present equipment of all vessel-reporting stations, so that, in addition to reporting all vessels passing within range of the station, the craft further out at sea may be reported.

The tests made by the Weather Bureau show that with only such transmitting power as vessels conveniently can carry it will be possible easily to keep them in communication within a range of 200 miles off shore. This extension of the system affects both the Atlantic and Pacific coasts and the gulf line. The service is to be performed at Nantucket, Block Island, Cape Henry, Cape Hatteras; Jupiter, Fla.; Key West, Fla.; Port Eade, Galveston, San Diego; Farrallone Islands, off the Golden Gate; North Head, at the mouth of the Columbia River; Tatoosc Island, at the entrance of the Straights of Juan de Fuca, and Port Angeles, about 60 miles in from that entrance.

It is anticipated by the government that vessels of commerce soon will find it to their advantage to equip themselves with wireless apparatus, so as to be able frequently to communicate with the coast stations on their voyages.

Demonstration in Turkish Waters.

The American battleship squadron, commanded by Rear Admiral Barker, has sailed from Lisbon on a visit to the ports of Greece and Austria. It is reported that, after spending a few weeks there, Admiral Barker will be reinforced by the European Squadron, under Rear Admiral Jewell, and this formidable fleet will pay a visit to Turkish waters about the time Mr. Leishmann, the American minister, takes up in earnest again his negotiations with the Porte to insure for Americans in Turkey the same rights as are enjoyed by citizens of some privileged European nations.

Minister Jackson reports to the State Department from Athens under date of June 5, that since the advent of General Petroff as premier and foreign minister of Bulgaria relations between that country and Turkey have improved materially. Many Bulgarians have been released from Turkish jails, and many refugees have gone back to their homes in Macedonia, where schools and churches have been reopened.

Protection of Game.

Great activity in the movement for the protection of game in the United States during the last calendar year is announced in a report issued by the Department of Agriculture.

The report says the volume of legislation on the subject excees is all previous records. The movement for the protection of non-game birds spread to a number of additional States and an important agreement has been made between the Audubon societies and leading wholesale millinery organizations. There were numerous importations of exotic species. Nine States and Territories now prohibit the sale of all game, 27 the sale of certain species and only 13 have no restrictions on sale. Prohibition of the export of game in some form is in force practically throughout the United States. Several States have adopted measures for enforcing the laws.

Gen. Corbin Goes to Philippines.

Maj.-Gen Henry C. Corbin has been ordered to command the division of the Philippines, succeeding Maj.-Gen. J. F. Wade, the order to take effect in October.

General Corbin, at present commands the division of the Atlantic and Department of the East, with headquarters at Governor's island, N. Y. He will have about a year and a half of service in the Philippines when Lieutenant-General Chaffee reaches the retiring age. It is expected that Major-General Corbin will then succeed General Chaffee as lieutenant general.

Citrous Fruits for Japan.

The Department of Agriculture will send to the Agricultural Department of Japan a large collection of citrous fruits indigenous to the United States. The action is in return for Japan's courtesy in sending a similar collection to the Chicago Exposition.

Annapolis to Get School.

Annapolis ,and not Indian Head, Md., will probably be the location of the school of instruction which the Bureau of Equipment proposes to establish for the training of wireless telegraphy operators.

Congressional and Departments.

Rear Admiral Greer is dead, aged 72 years. He had been on the retired list since 1895.

All vessels reporting stations will be equipped with wireless telegraphic instruments.

Members of the Red Cross accepted the resignations of all officers and elected new ones, including W. K. Van Ruypen, of Washington.

Minister Hardy, in a cable dispatch to the State Department from Madrid, reports that the extradition treaty was signed Wednesday.

Dominic I. Murphy, recently appointed secretary of the Panama Canal Commission, assumed the duties of his office.

Attorney General Knox will resign from the Cabinet in a few days and will be succeeded by Mr. Moody, the present secretary of the navy.

Ambassador Powell Clayton says the relations of the United States with Mexico were never more friendly than now.

Secretary Taft decided that army officers serving on the Isthmus of Panama in construction work of the canal shall receive 50 per cent. additional pay.

The comptroller of the Treasury has issued a call for the condition of banks at the close of business on June 9.

A boy riding a bicycle ran into Senator Cockrell, inflicting injuries that may result seriously.

RELIEF COLUMN ROUTED

Russians Out-Maneuvered, Enveloped and Sweepingly Defeated.

1000 LOST ON JAP'S TRANSPORTS.

The Japanese Charge That the Russians Violated the Japanese Flag—Certain Officers Aver That During the Fighting a Body of Russian Soldiers Appeared Carrying a Japanese Flag—1000 Men Killed.

Tokyo, (By Cable).—The Russian hope of relieving the pressure on Port Arthur by threatening the rear of General Oku, the commander of the Japanese forces investing the Russian stronghold, came to an end at Telissu a point on the railroad fifty miles north of Kinchou and twenty-five miles north of Vafangow, when the Russians were outmaneuvered, enveloped and sweepingly defeated.

They left more than 500 dead on the field and the Japanese captured 300 prisoners and 14 quick-firing field guns. The Russians retreated hastily to the northward.

The Japanese charge that the Russians violated the Japanese flag. Certain officers aver that during the fighting a body of Russian soldiers appeared carrying a Japanese flag, and that the Japanese artillery, deceived by this flag, ceased firing on that particular body of Russians. Official dispatches from the Japanese commanders made specific charges of this flag violation.

Japanese Lost 1000.

Early estimates of the Japanese losses at Telissu say that 1000 men were killed or wounded.

The Japanese attacking force was divided into right and left columns and began the advance on Tuesday along both sides of the railroad. They encountered the Russians east of Vafandien and drove them back.

At a late hour in the afternoon the Russians held a line between Lung Wang Tiao and Ta Fang Shen. The Japanese artillery opened on this line and the Russians responded. The shelling continued for two hours, and it was followed by the advance of the Japanese line to a position extending from Lung Chia Tung to Yu Hotun. Darkness put an end to the fighting. The Japanese dispatched a column to the westward toward Fuchau for the purpose of covering the Russian right wing and to protect their left and rear.

During the night it became apparent that the Russians were being reinforced and it was decided to make a general attack in the morning and force the Russians into a defile back of Telissu.

When morning came it was discovered that the Russians held a line extending from Ta Fang Shen to Cheng Tsu Shan with a force estimated at more than two divisions.

Russians Nearly Enveloped.

The Japanese planned to envelop the Russians near Telissu and they succeeded admirably. While the main Japanese force was facing north along the railroad columns were swung to the left and to the right, and finally converged at noon on the main Russian position. The Russians in this position were at a disadvantage, but they held it with determination until 3 o'clock in the afternoon. At this hour they were routed. The Japanese cavalry continued to pursue the enemy and probably inflicted considerable punishment.

The Japanese commander makes no estimate of the Russian losses, but says they are probably great.

Among the Russian officers captured by the Japanese is the colonel of the Fourth Regiment of Rifles.

Tokio, (By Cable).—All doubt as to the sinking of the transports Hitachi and Sado by the Russians has been removed. Three hundred and ninety-seven survivors of the Hitachi have arrived at Moji and 153 survivors of the Sado have arrived at Kokura. Details of the destruction of the two transports and the full extent of the casualties are not obtainable. It is reported that the transports Hitachi and Sado carried only 1400 men. If this is true the loss in lives is probably less than 1000.

BULLET-TORN HEART SEWED.

Fifteen-Year-Old Boy's Attempt at Suicide May Be Defeated.

Chicago, Ill., (Special).—A surgical operation, said to have been but once before successfully paralleled in surgical history, is believed to have been accomplished here, saving the life of 15-year-old Edward Peltz, who attempted to commit suicide.

Peltz fired a bullet into his heart while despondent over the loss of employment. With death impending at every tick of the watch, Dr. Carl Wagner, of St. Joseph's Hospital placed six stitches in the bullet-torn heart, effectually stopping the hemorrhage.

The patient's condition is said at the hospital to warrant belief that he will recover.

The bullet, which had pierced the lungs and passed through the heart, was found in the thoracic cavity and removed.

Innocent Man In Prison.

Kansas City, Mo., (Special).—William Merrill, aged 60 years, surrendered himself to the police here, saying he had killed John Edwards, a railway brakeman, at Deer Lodge, Mont., 19 years ago. A man named Murphy had been sentenced to life imprisonment for the crime, and is now serving time in the Montana Penitentiary. Merrill says he killed Edwards in a quarrel over money.

The Iroquois Disaster.

Chicago, (Special).—According to a decision given here by Judge Brown in the State Circuit Court, Marie Klaw and Abraham Erlanger, owners of the "Mr. Bluebeard" Company, will escape penalties which might have followed their connection with the Iroquois Theatre fire, last December. Judge Brown quashed service of a summons served upon their agents in a suit brought for damages by relatives of one of the victims of the fire.

IF.

If all the skies were sunshine,
Our faces would be fain
To feel once more upon them
The cooling splash of rain.

If all the world were music,
Our hearts would often long
For one sweet strain of silence,
To break the endless song.

If life were always merry,
Our souls would seek relief,
And rest from weary laughter
In the quiet arms of grief.
—Henry Vandyke.

THE HAUNTED CHAMBER.

By Fmma Garri on Jones.

"There it is, girls; there's Chesholm Manor. You can just catch the tips of the grim, gray turrets over the gloomy fir hills off to the left there."

We all leaned forward, and followed with eager eyes Miss Tresham's pointing finger.

There it was, dimly defined beyond the black firs, in the weird old county of Cornwall.

Miss Treshman shook her pretty head, with its abundant bronze tresses in a melancholy way.

"The most uncanny old place, girls," she said, "a second 'Moated Grange,' for all the world. I always dread our annual visit, though I certainly love godpapa very dearly; but it is such a weird old place. And, girls, there is a haunted chamber, too!"

"A haunted chamber, Beatrix?" we all cried, in a breath.

"A veritable haunted chamber—the 'crimson chamber,' they call it, and it is the grandest room in the house; yet I've never seen it but once in my whole life. I can't bear to go near it. I remember dimly how vast, and grand, and dark it looked, all aglow with crimson and gold. And oh! girls, such an awful legend connected with it. Mrs. Sinnot, the housekeeper, told it to me herself."

"Trixie, dear, tell us!"

"I can't tell it, as Mrs. Sinnott did, but I'll do my best: Centuries ago, in the time of the very first Chesholms—and they came down from the Norman chiefs, you know, ever so long ago—there was a brave knight, Sir Geoffrey Chesholm, I think they called him. He was a great soldier, and the bravest, handsomest man in all England. He wood and won, so the story runs, a lovely Scandinavian girl, with eyes like stars and tresses of golden hair that reached to her knees. He married her, and brought her home to Chesholm Manor, and the crimson room was their bridal chamber.

"Well, a week after they came home to the manor Sir Geoffrey was called away. He parted from his lovely bride with great reluctance, and many tender caresses, for he was excessively fond of her.

"Owing to some circumstances, which I do not remember, he returned much sooner than he had anticipated, and reaching the manor one stormy midnight he let himself in with his night key, and hurried to the chamber of his bride, thinking to find her in bed and asleep.

"But lo! when he reached the crimson room he found it in a glitter of wax lights, and on opening the door he saw his young wife all arrayed in her best robes, with diamonds in her golden hair and on her white throat; and a feast was spread out, wines and fruits and other dainties. And who do you suppose this fair, false creature had to keep her company? An old lover, who had been Sir Geoffrey's rival.

"Well, he killed her then and there, and his rival, too, and concealed their bodies in the secret passage, into which they say the crimson chamber leads. That was centuries ago, but to this day they come back at midnight and tap against the oaken panels, hoping that some one will come and liberate them. Mrs. Sinnott avers that she has heard this ghostly tapping again and again. She would not sleep a night in this haunted room for worlds. No one ever does except Sir John, and he scouts the whole story."

"Oh, how awful!" we all cried, "and how delightful!"

We drove up the fir-shadowed drive and reached the grim, gray front of the old manor just as the darkness fell. Sir John was on the great stone terrace to welcome us.

"I've brought a lot of young school friends to share my visit, this time, godpapa," said Beatrix, when the greetings were well over.

"That's right, Trixie; the more the merrier. You didn't know we had a ball on the tapis, did you? Nor that young Major Farleigh was at home on furlough either—hey, Trix?"

Beatrix blushed divinely. Major Farleigh was her betrothed lover. The old baronet pinched her glowing cheek.

"I planned it all to surprise you," he said. "But come in, young ladies, we've no time to lose. You must eat your dinner in a hurry, and then dress for the ball."

Dinner over, we lit our candles and hurried up to dress.

"This way, please, mademoiselles," called Sir John, and we followed him into his quaint old sitting room.

"See there, Trixie," he said, pointing toward the sofa; "there's a ball dress fresh from Paris. Would you like to have them—I mean dress, diamonds and all?"

Oh, godpapa-" cried Beatrix, with clasped hands.

The dress was of silken tissue of the loveliest pink, trimmed with priceless lace, and adorned with tufts of moss rosebuds, and the diamonds were such blinking, gleaming stars—tiara, necklace, armlets and a girdle, like a belt of living light.

"They're yours, Trixie," continued Sir John. "Major Farleigh is likely to admire you in that rig—hey, Trix? Well, they're yours, and, moreover, when you marry the major, I mean that you shall come and live with me. I'm an old man now, and a bit lonely, and I think I shall make the major my heir."

"Oh, Sir John, dear godpapa!" cried Beatrix, with swimming eyes.

"Stop, Trixie," he interrupted. "Wait till you hear my conditions—don't thank me yet—I've made up my mind to do all this, and to give you this trumpery here, provided you are willing to do one thing."

"I'll do anything you wish, you good, dear godpapa," answered Trixie, with her eyes on the glittering gems.

"Very well, you must sleep in the crimson chamber tonight."

"Alone?" faltered poor Beatrix, growing white.

"Nay, you may all go together, but you must enter the crimson room as soon as the ball ends, and remain there till daylight. If you can stand it tonight, and the ghostly pair do not eat you, I mean it for your bridal chamber when you and the major marry."

"I'll do it," said Beatrix, stoutly. "Girls, what do you say?"

"We'll do it," we cried, with one voice.

"Very well; collect your finery, and take yourselves off," said the baronet.

We obeyed, and Beatrix wore her ball dress, and her diamonds, and dazzled the poor major so completely that he came nigh losing his wits.

At one o'clock, to the minute, we marched in solemn file to the door of the haunted room. Mrs. Sinnott followed us with an ashen face.

"For Heaven's sake, young ladies, give over this mad folly!" she entreated; but Beatrix silenced her, and in we went.

A cheerful fire blazed upon the marble hearth, wax lights glittered in every niche and corner, revealing the vast proportions of the room, and the grand and glowing richness of the crimson hangings and antique furniture.

"It is a pity, as godpapa says, for such a handsome apartment to be deserted," said Beatrix, as we surrounded the hearth. "I hope we shall come out victorious, girls."

We glanced nervously at the great catafalque of a bed, with its crimson canopies, and concluded to keep watch before the hearth. Two o'clock chimed from the hoarse old clock above the stables. We heard the roar of the surf on the wild Cornish coast, and the mournful wail of the wind amid the grim turrets, and by the by, with beating hearts and suspended breaths we heard another sound.

Tap, tap, tap, against the oaken panel. Beatrix became as white as death, and glanced over her shoulder with a shudder.

"Girls, they are coming," she whispered—"the false bride and her lover."

We clung together, huddling over the grate. Tap, tap, tap, it came again. One of our party, a little blond miss from the Sussex hills, fell gently to the floor in a swoon. Tap, tap, tap, and then a faint, rustling movement. Beatrix thought of her major and her bridal night, and rose to her feet in trembling dsperation.

"Who's there?" she demanded, in a voice that shook.

Tap, tap, tap! No other answer but that faint, rustling swish.

A sort of heroism, born of despair, seized upon Beatrix. Her white cheeks flamed, her brown eyes glowed.

"I'll solve this mystery," she said, "I'll liberate this ghostly pair."

And straightway she marched across the crimson carpet, and lifted the crimson velvet arras. Her hand shook like a leaf, and her cheeks whitened again, but she pressed her finger upon the little knob which moved the sliding panel.

Tap, tap, tap! again, and then the carved, oaken panel slid slowly aside, and friends, not the ghostly pair came forth, but a great, gaunt, gray old rat.

Beatrix fell down in a faint, but she had won her diamonds; and she slept in the haunted chamber on her bridal night.—New York Weekly.

TRANSPORTING SOIL.

Peculiar Rose Producing Clay is Being Shipped by the Car Load.

The soil that made Newcastle famous as the American Beauty rose city is being brought to Indianapolis to enrich the beatuful and vigorous Indianapolis rose, which, like this city's carnations, already has a name in American flower circles, writes the Indianapolis correspondent of the New York Tribune. W. J. Hasselman, owner of the Indianapolis Flower and Plant Company, a wholesaling concern, that has large greenhouses just north of Central avenue and Thirty-fourth street, shipped two car loads of the wonderful Newcastle rose producing earth to Indianapolis last year and used it with remarkable success in his greenhouse benches. He is just now unloading four more car loads. The soil that is now being shipped to Indianapolis is taken out of one of Newcastle's streets that is being improved. It is a dark colored clay—the kind that farmers call "white oak clay"—and its peculiar characteristic is its adhesiveness when in a damp state. It can be worked until it looks and feels like putty, but when dried out it lies a compact mass that holds well any fertilizer that may be used on it.

"The Newcastle people think that this is the greatest rose producing soil in the world," said Hasselman today as he handled some of the clay that was being unloaded in the greenhouses, "but I am not prepared to say whether that is true or not. At all events it has given the best results in rose growing of any soil found in Indiana and has also given Newcastle a national reputation as a producer of roses that cannot be surpassed. Newcastle roses have taken sweepstakes and other prizes in national shows. We are shipping it to Indianapolis because it is the best soil that we have available, and inasmuch as we can get it from the streets that are being improved in Newcastle it is about as cheap earth as we could get even if we sent teams out into the country here and found a passably good clay. We have found a place north of Broad Ripple that seems to have good rose growing soil, but we have not made sufficient experiments yet to be certain that it will produce the results that Newcastle soil will produce.

"Newcastle has built up a wonderful rose growing industry. Chicago is still the rose centre of the West, as Madison, N. J., is in the East, but Newcastle is looming up in the list of our national rose centres.

"The Newcastle florists are cutting and shipping between 2,000,000 and 3,000,000 roses a year now, and they go everywhere. What is it in the soil that makes the roses grow and bloom so wonderfully? I don't know, but it is there. We have very good rose soil around Indianapolis, and it produces a superior flower, but still I cannot say that it equals the soil of Newcastle.

"All of Indiana is the best carnation growing region in this country, and possibly in the world. I don't know why the carnation likes Indiana so well, but perhaps it is because Indiana likes the carnation equally well. Indiana has produced more good, high standard commercial carnations than any other part and more new species of the flower. The State is well to the fore in flower raising of all kinds."

Hasselman has developed several carnations, one of which, a brilliant red one, is as pretty a flower as can be found in the carnation family. He is working on several other new species and has them in the third year of their development stage.

WHY STARS TWINKLE.

The Effect Produced Upon Them by Air Waves.

The great aerial ocean over our heads is made up of an infinite multitude of moving currents and stream of varying density and temperature, all in process of continued change and adjustment due to the heating of the atmosphere by the sun during the day and cooling by radiation at night, says the Baltimore Sun. The atmosphere is full of little waves or streaming masses of air, somewhat resembling the ripples in a shallow stream of water flowing over gravel. And if the astronomer will point his telescope on a bright star and remove the eyepiece, so as to look directly upon the object glass illuminated by the light of the star he may see these streaming currents dancmg in all their complexity. It is these little waves in the air which cause the twinkling of the fixed stars. As the waves are passing before our eyes they act like prisms, deflecting the light first this way and then that, producing flashes of the spectral colors, and sometimes almost extinguishing the stars, so that momentarily they appear to go out. In hgh, dry countries where the atmosphere is quiescent, these waves are generally diminished in importance and astronomers have noticed that in such localities the scintillation of the stars almost ceases. There the air is quite free from agitating currents, and the astronomers can make good observations.

It is worthy of remark that but for the brightness of the sky the stars could be seen in daylight. Even as matters stand, some of the brighter of them have been seen after sunrise by explorers in high mountains, where the air is very clear and the sky dark blue. If we could go above the atmosphere the sky would appear perfectly black and stars would be visible right close up to the sun. Astronomers observe bright stars in daytime by using long-focus telescopes, the dark tubes of which cut off the side light; and persons in the bottoms of deep wells have noticed stars passing overhead, the side light being reduced by the great depths of the wells.

A Hard Critic.

A clergyman was rebuked by one of the ruling elders for sauntering on the Sunday along the hillside above the manse. The clergyman took the rebuke in good part, but tried to show the remonstrant that the action of which he complained was innocent and lawful, and he was about to cite the famous example of a Sabbath walk, with the plucking of the ears of corn, as set forth in the gospels, when he was interrupted with the remark, "Ou aye, sir, I ken weel what you mean to say, but for my pairt I hae never thocht the better o' them for breakin' the Sawbatth."—Geikie's "Scotch Reminiscences."

For three hundred years the Chinese have made waterproof paper.

Why College Athletes Come Very High.

It Takes Two Hundred Footballs, Four Hundred Baseballs, More Than a Hundred Pairs of Special Shoes and a Lot of Board and Traveling for a Season.

By Arthur Camp.

THAT college athletics com e high in these modern days is generally understood. That we must nevertheless have them is the positive argument of the majority among students and faculties. Without entering into the discussion, one may contemplate with interest the new details concerning supplies and their cost for the athletics of a great Eastern university. The general report of the treasurer in this instance reminded the writer of the budget of some small city, considered as a matter of fiscal magnitude. It set forth receipts reaching up nearly to $100,000, with total expenditures of about the same imposing sum.

Of the outlay, about two-thirds went for running expenses of the crews and the three athletic teams, and included such items in rotund figures as $10,000 for board at "training tables," $7,000 for sporting goods, $14,000 for traveling, hotels and meals, $2,500 for "trophies," and so on.

Here was what entered into consumption for the football squad during a single season: 107 pairs of shoes, 29 silk ankle supporters, 170 undershirts, 167 under-jerseys, 20 canvas jackets, 87 nose guards, 76 leather belts, 59 pairs of "pants," 70 sweaters, 32 shin guards, 17 headgears (leather caps), 437 elbow and shoulder pads, several hundred shoe cleats, 10 "charley-horse" guards, 15 silk knee-caps, 189 pairs of hose and 200 footballs.

It should be explained that the football squad at the university referred to consists of about fifty men, including the large and well defined nucleus of the "regular" eleven. Each one of the squad during the season averaged about $87 in his supply of sporting goods.

The smaller baseball squad averaged for the season almost $100 per man in consumption of sporting goods, with nearly 400 baseballs as a vivid item.

The high consumption of footballs connotes the fact that some fifty of those ovoids, costing about $3 each, are distributed to candidates during the spring and summer, partly for home practice. It appears that after a day or two of use the ball has a tendency to grow "round" and lose its othodox shape. In catching punts the player can practice on the rounded ball only at some risk of the deadly fumble of the new ball used in the match game, and thus a fresh ball must be substituted in practice as soon as the normal arc of the ovoid is impaired.

"Charley-horse guards" interprets itself as a peculiar stiff padded guard of the large frontal muscle of the thigh, which is very amenable to the deep "charley-horse" bruise, so called. Tricky players in earlier football epochs sometimes adopted a concealed metallic guard at that vulnerable spot.

The ample stock of 170 undershirts means that provision must be made for frequent changes, to avoid an irritating eruption of the skin.

A supply of 107 pairs of shoes, made to order, and retailing at about $8.50 a pair, certainly seems liberal on the face of the return. But the up-to-date football man must hie him to a fresh pair at first symptom of rash or blister; and a wet day and match signifies that the shoes dry stiff and must be discarded by the wholesale, with most disastrous results to the football exchequer.—The Outlook.

Have Geniuses *the* Right to Marry?

By Nixola Greeley-Smith.

ACCORDING to a lecture delivered in Chicago by Mrs. Kate Upson Clark, of New York, a genius should not marry. "Genius is insanity," she declared. "In order to be a genius one lives most of the time in a world of deep emotions. It is hard for people of artistic temperament to conform to ordinary rules. Thus divorces, suicides, drunkenness and impulsive vices are found among people of genius. The irrepressible temperament seems to be absolutely necessary to art."

Undoubtedly, this is the greatest blow that has been struck at the institution of matrimony in recent years. For, eliminating the genus genius from the list of possible sacrificers to Hymen, who or what will be left? Not you, surely, gentle reader, not your brilliant cousin, your talented brother, your wonderful nephew, nor your next door neighbors, nor mine. For if the bell were to ring for the great international genius sweepstakes this minute would we not all be ready to toe the line?

Considering the subject more seriously, how may a man or woman determine—or other men and women determine for them—whether or not he or she possesses the divine afflatus that, if Mrs. Clark and others before her are to be believed, unfits one for the married state?

So far as the artistic temperament, which cannot conform to ordinary rules, is concerned, more crimes have been committed in its name than in that of all the seven deadly sins for which it exhibits such a marked proclivity. If a man who can't play "The Campbells Are Coming" without making his neighbors wish that they would come in a rush and get it over wants to elope with his best friend's wife, he suddenly remembers that he is a musician and does it—in the name of the artistic temperament.

If an amateur photographer posing as an artist, or a half-baked author who can't spell, or a ten-twent'-thirt' actor out of a job wants to do anything that a self-respecting weasel would balk at, he does it because he is a genius and because of his artistic temperament.

It would be too bad, however, if the crimes committed in the name of genius should bar the few real and fortunate possessors of it from marriage and inflict upon the human race the inevitable deterioration that must come from the limitation of its joys and sorrows to mediocre people.

It is true that many unquestioned geniuses have led unconventional lives. But they did not do so because they couldn't help it—no person of ordinary intelligence does anything for that reason—but merely because they could afford to.

The lives of ordinary people are cut according to system as their clothes are. They get them ready-made because they can't afford anything else. When a genius comes along he thinks he would like his life made to his own measure, and in order to fit himself out properly takes a length from one commandment and puts a gusset into another until Moses himself would not recognize his handiwork.

Generally, he is very much disappointed in the result, for the ready-made life is decidedly the best one to be had. And the ready-made life includes marriage, which has a certain disciplinary value for every one, genius or no.—New York Evening World.

Advice to Young Writers.

By W. A. Alden.

WE should hesitate to suggest to a young writer the formation of his style through a study of approved models. He must, first of all, find himself, and he cannot do that by following the figure of another's labyrinth, beginning from the outside circle. The form is of the spirit, and each writer's form is of his individual spirit. The young writer's first object in reading is inspiration not artistic equipment, and he selects those works which most strongly appeal to his imaginative sensibility. Other books he reads simply for information—the more of them the better, since the knowledge of nature and of human history is an essential part of his equipment, the material upon which his imaginative faculty reacts. The initial moment of his career is that in which his own individual note is disclosed to him, known and felt as his own and not any other's—the key-note of a harmony which, if he pursue not, as to the fulfilment of a destiny, will never be taken up by another. Mentors and models have no place within the charmed circle of this contemplation. The writer has found himself, and the world awaits a disclosure. This individuality is not isolation; the new harmony takes its place in the line of continuous human culture. Each star shines by its own light, but is a part of a constellation.—Harper's Editor's Study.

What a True Scholar Is.

By President David Starr Jordan.

THE scholar in the true sense is the man or woman for whom the schools have done their best. The scholar knows some one thing thoroughly, and can carry his knowledge into action. With this, he must have such knowledge of related subjects and of human life as will throw this special knowledge into proper perspective. Anything less than this is not scholarship. The man with knowledge and no perspective is a crank, a disturber of the peace, who needs a guardian to make his knowledge useful. The man who has common sense, but no special training, may be a fair citizen, but he can exert little influence that makes for progress. There may be a wisdom not of books, but it can be won by no easy process. To gain wisdom or skill in school or out, is education. To do anything well requires special knowledge and this is scholarship whether attained in the university or in the school of life. It is the man who knows that has the right to speak.—The Atlantic.

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THINK OVER THIS!

THE CENTRE REPORTER.
S. W. SMITH, . . . Editor and Proprietor.

CENTRE HALL, . . . PENN'A.

THURSDAY, JUNE 23, 1904.

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one dollar per year in advance.

ADVERTISEMENTS.—20 cents per line for three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Other rates made known on application.

The figures opposite your name on label of paper indicate the date to which your subscription is paid. When no date is given the date implied is July, 1900; when no month is given the month implied is July—thus: '00" means July, 1900; "01", means July, 1901; "04" means that your subscription is paid in advance to July, 1904. Other months than July are indicated by abbreviations.

When you pay your subscription always examine your label, and when a notice appears that corrections have been made, compare and report immediately if you have not been given proper credit. No receipts for subscription will be sent by mail unless by special request. The change of date on label ought to be sufficient evidence. Money by mail is reasonably safe. There have been no losses to this date.

Millheim.

Randall Musser spent Monday in Bellefonte.

'Squire Garthoff, of Bellefonte, was in town Monday.

"Wesly" Meyer spent Sunday at Boalsburg and Bellefonte.

'Squire D. L. Zerby made a business trip to Bellefonte Saturday.

J. D. Keen and W. R. Weiser had business at the county seat Saturday.

J. C. Smith, of State College, spent Sunday in this place with his family.

Among those who went to Bellefonte Monday as witnesses in the law suit of Keen vs. Keen, were, H. E. Duck, E. H. Auman, E. B. McMullen, John Royer, and Jonathan Harter.

The visit of Miss Jennie Reifsnyder with friends in Ohio, which was to be a somewhat extended one, came to an abrupt end on account of the sudden illness of her father, J. H. Reifsnyder.

Up to this time, Monday evening, nothing reliable has been learned as to the condition of J. H. Reifsnyder, who is lying seriously ill at the Lock Haven hospital, suffering from apoplexy since Tuesday last.

An enjoyable moonlight party was given Friday evening by a number of the young folks, near the knitting mills, in honor of Miss Maud Woomer, of Bellefonte, who is visiting at the home of D. L. Geary.

S. R. King, the popular landlord of the Musser House, with his family left Thursday of last week for a two or three weeks' visit to Shickshinny, Luzerne county, the former home of Mrs. King. Their friends here wish them a safe journey and an enjoyable visit.

P. Gross Yearick, of Philadelphia, was in town shaking hands with friends and old acquaintances. Mr. Yearick is engaged in business in Philadelphia, and usually visits this neighborhood about once a year and especially the old town of Aaronsburg, where his boyhood days were spent.

J. C. Hosterman, of the Millheim Journal, having received the sad news of the serious illness of his mother, Mrs. Boob, left Thursday of last week for her home near Mifflinburg, where he expects to remain at least until there is a change in her condition. Mrs. Boob is suffering from a stroke of paralysis.

Last Thursday evening Albert Roberts, of Bellefonte, gave a free exhibition of fancy snare-drumming on the diamond, after which he gave a stereopticon exhibition in the town hall, for which he charged a ten cent admission fee. It is likely his audience was larger on the diamond than it was in the hall.

J. B. Spangler, of Mapleton Depot, to whom some time ago a franchise was voted by the borough council, to put in a water plant, was here Wednesday of last week, presumably on business pertaining to the same. He left Thursday morning on the early train; nothing could be learned as to what was done in the matter.

Miss Katie Stamm, of Loganton, came to Coburn Friday to meet her sister, Mrs. Jensen, who arrived on the morning train from New York City, her place of residence. On their way they made a short stop at this place to visit their aunts, Mrs. Wm. Henny and Mrs. Jacob Gephart. They are daughters of Samuel Stamm, of Loganton.

Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Gephart, accompanied by their guests, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Baker, of Johnstown, came down from Bellefonte Sunday on a short visit to Mr. Gephart's mother, Mrs. Jacob Gephart. After supper Mr. Gephart treated his guests to a drive through the Narrows, north of town, where there is at this season a nice cool breeze and delightful scenery. They left for Bellefonte Monday.

Penn Hall.

Quite a number of people attended the Children's service at Spring Mills Sunday evening.

Mrs. Lavina Smith, of Lamar, is visiting at the home of Jerry Albright.

Miss Bessie Grove, of Centre Hill, spent Saturday and Sunday with her friend, Miss Ella Condo.

H. M. Smith spent Sunday with his family.

F. M. Fisher transacted business at Bellefonte on Monday.

Miss Helen Bartholomew and Mrs. Henry Kreamer, of Centre Hall, were in town Friday afternoon.

Mrs. Sarah L. Fisher is slowly improving.

Spring Mills.

Prof. Hosterman's school closed last Friday, and those who came from a distance to attend have returned to their homes. Miss Goodhart closed her school a week earlier, she having taught only eight weeks while Prof. Hosterman's term lasted ten weeks.

James Van Valzah, of Bloomington, Ind., is visiting Wm. Allison, Jr. Prior to coming here he attended the commencement exercises at Princeton where his brother Robert was in the graduating class.

Prof. H. W. Morris, of Rebersburg, joined a party of fishermen on a two days' excursion to the mountains for trout.

Miss Sallie Runkle left for an extended visit to her sister, Mrs. William McClellan.

Charles Auman returned home from Gettysburg where he had been a student.

M. D. Leitzell and son Charles, who have been employed at Yeagertown, are home for a visit.

Rev. Elmer Williams circulated among friends here last week. He was a member of this year's graduating class at Dickinson College, Carlisle.

Bruce Gramley left last Friday morning for a trip to Philadelphia and the seashore.

The Children's service in the Lutheran church Sunday evening was very well rendered and largely attended. The service used is entitled Sunshine and Flowers, published by the trustees of the Loysville Orphans' Home, for whose benefit the offering was taken.

Patronize home trade.

Mrs. W. S. Musser, of Lykens, daughter Marion and Miss Whitney are visiting friends at this place.

Miss Vonada, of Walker, visited at the home of S. L. Condo.

The Presbyterian Sunday school will hold children's service July 3rd, in the evening.

The ice cream parlor in the Bibby House is well patronized.

Homer Roberts and wife, accompanied by Miss Ida Long, left last week for St. Louis.

Dr. R. G. VanValzah, of Springfield, Oregon, spent a day with A. J. Shook. The doctor thinks of moving here.

The road supervisor is repairing the bridge on the Penn Hall road.

Farmers Mills.

The festival at Hoy's school house was well attended by the young people of this community.

Miss Gertrude Hagan, who is plying the needle at Millheim, spent Sunday with her parents.

Miss Lodie Rishel, who spent last week with her father, at the Bellefonte hospital, returned home Sunday. Mr. Rishel is somewhat improved.

The Union Sunday school of this place will hold a festival Saturday evening, June 25th, at which all the delicacies of the season will be served. Music will be furnished by the Penn Hall band; all are invited.

Miss Lettie Armbruster and Mrs. H. E. Shreckengost were entertained at the home of Elmer C. Hettinger Sunday afternoon.

J. M. Goodhart purchased a new carriage from J. M. Wieland, of Boalsburg.

Mr. and Mrs. George Armbruster spent Friday at Millheim.

One of M. L. Rishel's horses is sick with catarrh fever.

Woodward.

Rev. O. L. Buck and family, of Rebersburg, spent a few days in town last week.

Mrs. Harris Stover and mother-in-law visited Mrs. Stover's mother, Mrs. Wolfe, one day last week.

Dr. Ard and wife left for Lewisburg on Sunday.

Miss Maude Bellman, of Millheim, is visiting with Mary Eby.

Fisher Motz, of Monessen, is home to see his mother, who is very ill.

Daniel Benner went to Aaronsburg on Saturday.

C. D. Motz was called to Jefferson, South Carolina, last week, at which place his father is very ill with paralysis.

Jacob Musser, of Coburn, was in town Monday.

Mrs. Thomas Wolfe and Annie Wolfe, of Fiedler, spent a day last week at the home of 'Squire Musser.

Potters Mills.

Misses Ida and Lizzie Bitner, Myra and Margaretta Rockey, and Ruth Rossman, all of Tusseyville, spent Wednesday of last week with Misses Grace and Ruth Bower.

Mrs. Clayton McKinney and children, of Altoona, have returned home after spending a few weeks with relatives at this place.

Plum Grove.

Mrs. Jacob Shearer and George Shearer spent Sunday with the former's mother, at Aaronsburg.

Elmer Swartz and family, Frank Swartz and family, of Madisonburg; Mrs. Benner and son John, of Old Fort, all spent Sunday at the home of W. H. Swartz and family.

Mrs. Carper is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Nathaniel Zeigler.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Homan, of Centre Hall, spent Sunday at the home of Peter Smith.

Harris Township.

David Stuart, of Pittsburg, is visiting here.

J. S. Waite, of Bellefonte, transacted business here.

W. Somers and family spent Saturday at Bellefonte.

Miss Maude Irvin, of Baileyville, visited Mrs. F. E. Wieland.

Alfred Shuey, of Shiloh, was a guest of J. A. Rupp on Sunday.

Theodore Boal and family returned to their home near Boalsburg.

Rev. A. A. Black attended a special meeting of Synod at Reading last week.

Mrs. Amanda Walker spent a few weeks at the Hess home, near Shingletown.

Mrs. Thomas Riley is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Frank Whitehill, at Philipsburg.

R. B. Harrison spent part of last week at State College as a helper in the Harrison bakery.

Misses Mary Reish and Nora Miller spent Sunday with the J. W. Miller family at Pine Hall.

Miss Gertrude Wieland will leave this (Thursday) morning for a visit to her brothers in Nebraska.

Mr. and Mrs. David Houser, of Houserville, visited their daughter, Mrs. James Kustenborder.

S. W. Gramley, of Spring Mills, accompanied by Bruce Morris, enjoyed the picnic at the Gap on Saturday.

Dr. L. E. Kidder and family and Miss Rose Woods spent a few days last week with friends in Stone Valley.

Charles Moore left last week for St. Louis where he will visit his brothers, and see sights at the great exposition.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Grenoble and granddaughter, Mary Shuey, of Pine Hall, spent Sunday with Mrs. Harriet Fortney.

Mrs. Katharine Heath, of Sandy Ridge, with her son and daughter are visiting in this place, as is Harry Stuart, postmaster at Sandy Ridge.

Misses Margaret and Agnes Schaeffer, of Philadelphia, attended the commencement at State, and are now visiting friends in this their former home.

Children's day services were held at Rock Hill Sunday evening. Many were prevented from going on account of the rain and hail in the early part of the evening.

The annual June picnic was celebrated last Saturday in the Shingletown Gap. Young people from Pleasant Gap, Oak Hall, Linden Hall, Boalsburg, Pine Grove Mills and Baileyville were present, numbering eighty-three. The day was all that could be desired, and afforded pleasures never to be forgotten. The next place decided upon for holding the picnic is on the top of Nittany Mountain, near Centre Hall.

The funeral of Frank Bonn Saturday was largely attended. Among those present from a distance were the Bradford families, Solomon Lingle and wife, Mr and Mrs. Lloyd Brown and Mr. and Mrs. James Wert, of Potter township; William Tibbens, of Spring township; George Potter and wife, of Ferguson township; Mr. and Mrs. John H. Meyer, Prof. P. H. Meyer and son Robert, Mrs. Katharine Wagner, of Bellefonte; Mrs. Margaret Martz, of Altoona; Calvin Osman, of Glen Iron; Geo. Scholl, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Keller, of Houserville.

Linden Hall.

Mrs. J. H. Ross is seriously ill at this writing.

Miss Catherman is visiting her brother Will, at this place.

Mrs. Thomas Meyer, of Aaronsburg, is visiting Mrs. Agnes Meyer.

Mrs. D. C. Hess is at Lewisburg, the guest of her nephew, Dr. W. C. Bartol, of Bucknell University.

Mrs. William Brooks left Tuesday for Derry, where she will be the guest of her daughter, Mrs. A. S. Fleck.

Bruce Meyer, of Woodford, Virginia, is here for the summer. It is his first visit since the family left about twelve years ago.

The supervisors have built a large, new bridge and raised the road in front of the dam, which is quite an improvement.

The Children's service in the United Evangelical church Sunday evening was a decided success. The house was crowded.

Miss Maude Irvin, of Baileyville, and J. H. Miller, of Rock Spring, were guests of F. E. Wieland and family over Sunday.

Levi Miller is around shaking hands with old friends, having come home for a vacation on account of the retrenchment policy in the Altoona shops.

Mrs. F. E. Wieland left Tuesday for a trip through the western part of the state and West Virginia, where she will visit her sister, Mrs. C. T. Lemon, and Mrs. Freda Hall, at Elkins.

Miss Gertrude Wieland left this (Thursday) morning for St. Louis, from there she will go to western Nebraska, where she will spend several months with her brothers Will and E. K. Wieland, who are located near Alliance.

Last Day to Pay Mercantile Tax.

Friday, July 1, is the last day for the payment of mercantile taxes at the county treasurer's office in the court house. Merchants should take notice of this, as after the above date the law requires the county treasurer to collect the tax by law, which will entail cost charges.

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It Costs Nothing if it Fails to Cure.

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Sober.

Elias Confer and wife visited friends over Sunday in Sugar Valley.

Clyde Vonada, of Brush Valley, whose wife died a short time ago, is working for W. W. Vonada.

C. K. Sober, of Lewisburg, made a business trip to this place.

J. R. Zerby is taking out bark and extract wood.

D. P. Weaver is making his home with C. Auman.

TWO FARMS FOR SALE—

The heirs of Mrs. Mary P. Wilson, deceased offer at private sale the following two farms, situated in Potter township, Centre county, Pa.

No 1 The farm known as the station farm, located at Centre Hall Station, containing one hundred and thirty-five acres, more or less, now in the occupancy of Henry Homan. This farm is principally limestone land in good state of cultivation. Good buildings and orchard and well supplied with water. All clear except about ten acres which is covered by good oak timber.

No 2 The farm known as the Foreman farm, situated about one mile east of Centre Hall Station, now in the occupancy of F. A. Auman, containing one hundred and twenty acres more or less, principally limestone land; all the necessary farm buildings, a never failing supply of water piped to door, good orchard, etc. These farms are offered for sale to close up an estate. Favorable terms will be made with purchasers. For further particulars apply to

MRS. LAURA ELLIOTT, Bellefonte
or GEO. M. BOAL, Centre Hall.

June 22, 1904.

RULE ON HEIRS

PENNSYLVANIA,
CENTRE COUNTY, SS:

I, A. G. Archey, Clerk of the Orphans' Court of said county of Centre, do hereby certify that at an Orphans' Court held at Bellefonte, the 25th day of April, A. D., 1904, before the Honorable the Judge of said Court, on motion a rule was granted upon the heirs and legal representatives of Elizabeth Ann Tate, dec'd, to come into Court on the fourth Monday of August next to accept or refuse to accept at the valuation, or show cause why the real estate of said deceased should not be sold. Same notice to be given as in inquisition.

Ollie M. Markle, Samuel Markle, Jr., John H. Tate, Marion Tate, all of Axemann, Centre county, Pa.; Frank D. Tate, Lizzie Tate, Eliphus Tate, Julia Tate, of Bellefonte, Pa.; Kate Love, John Love, Jr., Pleasant Gap, Pa.; Libbie Tate, 608 Cypress avenue, Johnstown, Pa.; Carrie Gibson and Samuel Gibson, Lewistown, Mifflin county, Pa.; Orphia Parker, David Parker and Margaret Tate, Johnstown, Cambria county, Pa.; W. H. Noll, guardian of Libbie Tate, Nieva Tate, Ester Tate and Edith Tate, Pleasant Gap, Pa.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of said Court at Bellefonte, the 29th day of April, A. D., 1904.

A. G. ARCHEY,
Clerk Orphans' Court.
H. S. TAYLOR, Sheriff.

Sheriff's office, June 8, 1904.

APPLICATION FOR CHARTER

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to his Excellency Samuel W. Pennypacker, Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, on Tuesday the 12th day of July, A. D. 1904 for a charter of incorporation to be granted to the Howard Iron and Tool Company, having its principal office at Bellefonte, Pa., the purpose of which company is to engage in the manufacture and sale of implements, tools and other material in iron and wood.

June 16—4t. ELLIS L. ORVIS, Solicitor.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE—LETTERS TESTAMENTARY on the estate of Jno. F. Breon, late of Gregg township, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned he would respectfully request any persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement. T. M. GRAMLEY, Executor.

June 16, 1904. Spring Mills, Pa.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE—LETTERS TESTAMENTARY on the estate of John W. Shook, late of Gregg township, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned she would respectfully request any persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement. [Mrs.] C. C. SHOOK, Executrix.

April 14. Spring Mills, Pa.

ALFALFA Will grow anywhere if the conditions are made right, and give from 40 to 50 dollars worth of Protein to the acre. Absence of the proper soil bacteria is the most common difficulty and is easily overcome by using 300 to 600 lbs of impregnated soil to the acre, at or after seeding. I can furnish soil from a fifteen year old field that gave over 4 tons of hay to the acre last year, and where the bacteria is very abundant. Send for prices.

Route 100. F. E. DAWLEY,
Fayetteville, N. Y.

A. B. LEE

TUSSEYVILLE, PA.

If you are in need of a . .

BUGGY
CARRIAGE
ROAD WAGON

or any road vehicle, you can secure one from me. I have constantly on hand the product of the . .

Hoop Carriage Co.

MIFFLINBURG —the very name guarantees the work.

FULL LINE OF

...Adriance & Platt...
Farm Machinery

Chain and cog-gear Mowers and Binders. These machines have stood the test for 48 years. The machines are fully equipped with tail bearings and rollers.

Ayer's

Do you like your thin, rough, short hair? Of course you don't. Do you like thick, heavy, smooth hair? Of course you do. Then why

Hair Vigor

not be pleased? Ayer's Hair Vigor makes beautiful heads of hair, that's the whole story. Sold for 60 years.

"I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for a long time. It is, indeed, a wonderful hair tonic, restoring health to the hair and scalp, and, at the same time, proving a splendid dressing."
DR. J. W. TATUM, Madill, Ind. T.

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

for

Weak Hair

OVER 67 MILLIONS

Represented in the
FREDERICK
K. FOSTER
AGENCY
WITH FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES ALONE.....

The Largest and Best
Accident Ins. Companies
Bonds of Every Description Plate Glass Insurance at low rates.

Also, District Agent for . . .
The Manhattan Life Insurance Co.

SHOE

Come to our store and you will be convinced of a few facts in Footwear . . . . . .

....C. A. KRAPE....

SPRING MILLS, PA.

WANTED—A girl or widow between 20 and 40 years old, preferably with no children, to do general housework. For further particulars, write to

MRS. CARRIE HECKART, *nee* TIBBENS,
238 East College St.,
May 26. 4t Canonsburg, Pa.

NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has made application to the department of Internal Affairs at Harrisburg for ten (10) acres of unimproved vacant land situate in Gregg township, Centre county, Pa., adjoining lands claimed by Susan Musser on the east, Susan Musser, J. C. Rossman, Ira Vonada, et al., on the south, John Kern's heirs, on the west, and Meitzell & Co., on the north.

J. C. ROSSMAN.

WANTED—

Good reliable men to sell our high grade home-grown and imported Nursery stock. We pay good wages and give steady work. We have fast selling specialties that you can do well with. Write at once and secure choice territory. Apply

PROTECTIVE NURSERIES.
Geneva, N. Y.

H. F. ROSSMAN
SPRING MILLS
PA. . . . . .

Summer
Dress Goods

The best line of Summer Dress Goods ever seen in our store.

CALL TO SEE US.

GARMAN'S STORE

Cash Rods, 5 to 10c each.
Sottage Rods, 10 to 20c each.
Regular Curtain Poles, 20c up.
Scrim, 5 to 10c.
Regular Sash Curtains, 25c pr
Mattings, 12 1-2 to 35c yd.
Curtain Loops, 5 to 15c pr.

All the Late Styles in . . .
DRESS GOODS

Ready-made . . . . .
SHEETS
BOLSTERS
PILLOW CASES

OIL CLOTH & LINOLEUM

Pull Down Blinds, 9 to 50c.
Wagons, Wheelbarrows
Go Carts, Velocipedes
Garden Sets, 10 to 25c.

Bargains in all Departments.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R.

Philad. & Erie R. R. Division and Northern Central Ry.

Time Table in Effect May 29, 1904.

TRAINS LEAVE MONTANDON, EASTWARD.

7.35 A. M.—Train 64. Week days for Sunbury, Harrisburg, arriving at Philadelphia, 11.48 a. m., New York 2.03 p. m., Baltimore 12.15 p. m., Washington 1.29 p. m. Parlor car and passenger coach to Philadelphia.

9.22 A. M.—Train 20. Daily for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Harrisburg and intermediate stations. Week days for Scranton, Hazelton, and Pottsville. Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore, Washington. Through passenger coaches to Philadelphia.

1.28 P. M.—Train 12. Week days for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazelton, Pottsville, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia at 6.23 p. m., New York, 9.30 p. m., Baltimore, 6.00 p. m., Washington at 7.15 p. m. Parlor car through to Philadelphia, and passenger coaches to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

4.45 P. M.—Train 32. Week days for Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazelton, Pottsville, and daily for Harrisburg and intermediate points, arriving at Philadelphia 10.47 p. m., New York 3.53 a. m., Baltimore 2.48 p. m. Passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

8.10 P. M.—Train 6. Daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg, and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4.23 a. m., New York at 7.18 a. m., Baltimore, 2.20 a. m., Washington, 3.30 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleepers undisturbed until 7.30 a. m.

WESTWARD.

5.23 A. M.—Train 3. (Daily) For Erie, Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls and intermediate stations, with passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester. Week days for DuBois, Bellefonte and Pittsburg. On Sundays only Pullman sleeper to Philadelphia.

10.00 A. M.—Train 31. (Daily) For Lock Haven and intermediate stations, and week days for Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg and the West, with through cars to Tyrone.

1.31 P. M.—Train 61. Week days for Kane, Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg, Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester, and Parlor car to Philadelphia.

5.36 P. M.—Train 1. Week days for Renovo, Elmira and intermediate stations.

10.07 P. M.—Train 67. Week days for Williamsport and intermediate stations. Through Parlor Car and Passenger Coach for Philadelphia.

9.10 P. M.—Train 921. Sunday only, for Williamsport and intermediate stations.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD.

Week Days.

WESTWARD.				EASTWARD.	
P.M.	A.M.	STATIONS.	A.M.	P.M.	
1 38	5 40	Montandon	9 15	4 35	
1 48	6 50	Lewisburg	9 05	4 25	
1 55	6 28	Biehl	8 58	4 19	
2 00	6 42	Vicksburg	8 53	4 14	
2 08	6 50	Mifflinburg	8 45	4 06	
2 20	7 02	Millmont	8 33	3 54	
2 28	7 09	Glen Iron	8 26	3 46	
2 59	7 40	Paddy Mountain	8 00	3 19	
3 10	7 50	Coburn	7 50	3 10	
3 16	7 57	Zerby	7 43	3 02	
3 26	8 05	Rising Springs	7 35	2 54	
3 32	8 11	Penn Cave	7 28	2 48	
3 38	8 18	Centre Hall	7 22	2 41	
3 45	8 24	Gregg	7 17	2 36	
3 52	8 31	Linden Hall	7 10	2 30	
3 56	8 35	Oak Hall	7 06	2 25	
4 00	8 39	Lemont	7 02	2 21	
4 04	8 43	Dale Summit	6 57	2 17	
4 13	8 52	Pleasant Gap	6 48	2 08	
4 16	8 55	Axemann	6 45	2 05	
4 20	9 00	Bellefonte	6 40	2 00	

Additional trains leave Lewisburg for Montandon at 5.20 a. m., 7.25 a. m. 9.45 a. m., 1.15, 5.25 and 7.55 p. m., returning leave Montandon for Lewisburg at 7.40, 9.27 a. m. 10.03 a. m., 4.50, 5.40 p. m. and 8.12 p. m.

On Sundays trains leave Montandon 9.23 and 10.01 a. m. and 4.46 p. m., returning leave Lewisburg 9.25 a. m., 10.05 a. m. and 4.48 p. m.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager
J. R. WOOD, Pass. Traffic Mgr.
GEO. W. BOYD, General Pass'ger Agt.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.

Week Days.

EASTWARD.					WESTWARD		
12	8	2	STATIONS.		1	7	11
PM.	P. M	AM	Ar.	Lv.	AM	AM	PM
6 30	1 10	8 45		Bellefonte	6 30	10 30	4 21
6 20	1 02	8 40		Coleville	6 37	10 37	4 26
6 16	12 58	8 37		Morris	6 40	10 42	4 30
6 10	12 54	8 35		Whitmer	6 44	10 47	4 36
6 05	12 49	8 31		Hunters	6 50	10 53	4 38
6 02	12 46	8 28		Fillmore	6 53	10 56	4 42
5 57	12 41	8 24		Brally	7 00	11 02	4 47
5 53	12 37	8 20		Waddle	7 05	11 05	4 52
5 50	12 35	8 18		Scotia Crossing	7 08	11 08	4 54
5 36	12 26	8 07		Krumrine	7 17	11 20	5 03
5 33	12 24	8 04		Struble	7 20	11 24	5 00
5 31	12 22	8 02		Inn	7 26	11 28	5 08
5 30	12 20	8 00		State College	7 30	11 30	5 10

Morning trains from Montandon, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No 7 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon, Lewisburg and Tyrone connect with Train No. 11 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penn'a R. R. trains at Bellefonte.

F. H. THOMAS, Superintendent.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Condensed Time Table. Week Days.

Read Down.			June 15, 1904.		Read Up.		
No. 1	No3	No5			No6	No4	No2
A.M.	P M	P M	Lv.	Ar.	P M	P M	A M
7 00	2 30	6 40	BELLEFONTE		9 55	5 10	9 55
7 11	2 41	6 51	Nigh		9 22	4 57	9 22
7 16	2 46	6 56	Zion		9 16	4 51	9 16
7 23	2 53	7 03	Hecla Park		9 10	4 45	9 10
7 25	2 55	7 05	Dunkles		9 08	4 42	9 07
7 29	2 59	7 09	HUBLERSBURG		9 04	4 38	9 03
7 33	3 03	7 14	Snydertown		9 01	4 34	8 59
7 35	3 05	7 16	Nittany		8 59	4 31	8 56
7 37	3 07	7 19	Huston		8 57	4 28	8 53
7 41	3 11	7 23	LAMAR		8 54	4 25	8 50
7 43	3 13	7 25	Clintondale		8 51	4 22	8 47
7 47	3 17	7 29	Krider's Spring		8 47	4 18	8 43
7 51	3 21	7 33	Mackeyville		8 43	4 13	8 38
7 57	3 27	7 39	Cedar Springs		8 37	4 07	8 32
8 00	3 30	7 42	Salona		8 33	4 05	8 30
8 05	3 35	7 47	MILL HALL		8 30	4 00	8 25
(N. Y. Central and Hudson River R. R.)							
11 45	8 38			Jersey Shore	3 16	7 40	
12 20	9 10		Ar.	W'msport	Lve 2 40	7 10	
12 29	11 30		Lve.	W'msport	Arr. 2 25	6 50	
(Philad. & Reading Ry.)							
7 30	6 50			PHILA	8 36	11 30	
10 40	9 02			NEW YORK	4 25	7 30	
(Via Philad.)							
P. M.	A. M.				A. M.	P. M.	
10 40			Ar	New York	Lv 4 00		
(Via Tamaqua)							

J. W. GEPHART,
General Superintendent.

Smith, the Photographer.

W. W. Smith, the photographer, will be in Centre Hall Friday, June 17.

GRAIN MARKET.

Rye	60	Wheat	1 00
Barley	50	Oats	40
		Corn	60

PRODUCE AT STORES.

Lard	08	Butter	12
Potatoes	1 15	Eggs	16

The dressmaker allows many of her best ideas to go to waist.

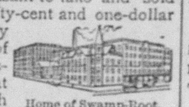
The Cause of Many Sudden Deaths.

There is a disease prevailing in this country most dangerous because so deceptive. Many sudden deaths are caused by it—heart disease, pneumonia, heart failure or apoplexy are often the result of kidney disease. If kidney trouble is allowed to advance the kidney-poisoned blood will attack the vital organs or the kidneys themselves break down and waste away cell by cell.

Bladder troubles most always result from a derangement of the kidneys and a cure is obtained quickest by a proper treatment of the kidneys. If you are feeling badly you can make no mistake by taking Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root,** the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases.

Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and sold by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sized bottles. You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful new discovery and a book that tells all about it, both sent free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co. Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper.



Home of Swamp-Root.

Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghampton, N. Y., on every bottle.

O. T. CORMAN

SPRING MILLS

Has just received a fine selection of Carpetings, comprising Tapestry, Brussels, Ingrain and Rag. All beautiful colorings and a superior grade. At prices from one-third to one-quarter less than is usually charged by other parties.

FLOOR COVERING

Linoleum, floor and table oil cloth, all new designs and bright colors; from 36 to 72 inches in width, selling at remarkably low figures.

STRAW and PANAMA Hats at One-Half Value

Straw, Panama and linen hats, all the latest spring and summer styles, selling at about half value.

Dress and White Goods at Money-Saving Prices

A line of splendid dress and white goods, just placed on the counters. These goods are very choice and desirable and must be seen to be appreciated, and the surprise is the money-saving prices.

Gingham, Prints and Muslin, all grades, also an endless variety of Notions. A full line of beautiful Embroideries, Ribbons and Insertions, at prices to astound you.

Spring and Summer Hosiery

Spring and summer Hosiery and Underwear for ladies and gentlemen at prices about one-third off.

Pants and Overalls

My stock of Pants and Overalls for Men, Boys and Youths is very complete and at all prices.

Just received an invoice of Ladies' Wrappers, new styles, well made and at low figures.

Curtain Poles and Stair Rods in brass and wood. Also a full line of Queensware and Glassware.

My grocery department is very complete and contains everything in that line necessary for family use.

Wanted, immediately, apples, potatoes, poultry and beef hides, and will pay cash or trade.

Be sure to examine my immense stock before purchasing elsewhere. No trouble to show goods.

MARBLE AND GRANITE MONUMENTS.

H. G. STROHMEIER,

CENTRE HALL, ... PENN.

Manufacturer of and Dealer in HIGH GRADE . . .

MONUMENTAL WORK

in all kinds of Marble AND Granite. Don't fail to get my prices.

GRANT HOOVER

Controls sixteen of the largest Fire and Life Insurance Companies in the world

The Best is the Cheapest.....

No mutuals; no assessments.

...Money to Loan on First Mortgage

Office in Crider's Stone Building,

Bellefonte, Pa.

☎ Telephone connection.

LOCALS.

Merchant John Rishel's condition has not improved since last issue.

Mr. and Mrs. John Spangler are visiting their son, R. B. Spangler, at Spangler.

Edward Foreman, who for the past month or more has been in Kansas, returned home Monday.

Joel Kerstetter, of Laurelton, drove from that place to Centre Hall Monday. Mr. Kerstetter reports having fine prospects for crops in his locality.

The ladies of the Reformed church will hold an ice cream festival in the town hall, Boalsburg, on Saturday evening July 2, and on Monday evening July 4th, to which everybody is invited.

Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Smith and daughter Ruth Wednesday went to Coupon, Cambria county, where Mrs. Smith, with her daughter, will visit her sister, Mrs. Ramer, while her husband goes to Pittsburg on business.

Mrs. W. L. Runkle and sister, Miss Waughneta Miller, of Pittsburg, today (Thursday) returned to their home after having been in Centre Hall for the past ten days with Mr. Runkle's parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Runkle.

Two graduates from the school of music connected with Bucknell University, known to the Reporter readers, are Misses Estie Miriam Ocker, daughter of G. W. Ocker, Lewisburg, and Margaret Johnston Stuart, daughter of John T. Stuart, of State College.

About four o'clock Monday afternoon lightning struck the large barn on the farm of Robert H. Mann, in Curtin township, and it was totally destroyed with a large amount of hay, grain and valuable agriculture implements. The live stock was saved. The loss is quite heavy.

Certain Rather Than Possible.

From Philadelphia Record.

The Democrats of Centre county have made possible the defeat of Judge Love, one of the most notorious of the political Judges of Pennsylvania, by putting up against him Ellis Lewis Orvis, a man of high character and one of the ablest and most popular attorneys of the Bellefonte bar.

Sudden Death of Frank Cole.

Frank Cole, of Matternville, who was employed in the Scotia ore banks, dropped dead Monday evening while on his way home from work. His body was found that evening in a strip of woods.

Frank Cole was twenty-seven years of age, and was the son of Architect Robert Cole, of Bellefonte. He leaves a wife and two children; also two sisters, Mrs. John Barnhart, of Bellefonte, and Mrs. Walter Edmundson, of State College.

Colyer Property Sold.

The Colyer property at Colyer, comprised of saw mill, machinery, dwelling house and about ten acres of land, was sold by Mrs. Colyer and Calvin Bottorf, the executors of the late Wm. Colyer, to Messrs. B. D. Brisbin and W. Frank Bradford, of Centre Hall. The machinery not needed in the Brisbin & Bradford mill at Centre Hall will be sold.

The Colyer mill gave employment to many hands when in full operation under its builder and operator, and was the only industry in the village that bore the South Side lumber king's name.

Marriage Licenses.

Elmer C. Aikey, Howard twp.
Gertrude Felmee, Boggs twp.

Evan R. Lucas, Altoona.
Maggie M. Lucas, Runville.

Philip W. Young, Port Matilda.
Kate Cowher, Port Matilda.

George Brown, Fleming.
Ida Messmer, State College.

Charles Pierney, Bellefonte.
Effie R. Bickel, Roland.

Alexander Black, Philipsburg.
Ella F. Rankin, Moshannon.

Frank Fellows, Philipsburg.
Ella Dunlap, Philipsburg.

James Gelwix Miller, York.
Maude Moore, Lemont.

Samuel S. Taylor, New York.
Katharine N. Leib, Bellefonte.

Jacob A. Grove, James Creek.
Jemima McClincy, Fleming.

Colyer.

Mr. and Mrs. N. B. Spangler, of Bellefonte, made a few days' visit at the home of Mr. Spangler's parents, at this place.

Misses Mary and May Cooney spent Sunday with their sister Bessie, at Earlystown.

Jacob Jordan and mother spent Sunday at Potters Mills, the guests of Michael Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Rickert and children, of McNitt town, spent several days at the home of the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Jordan.

Miss Ella Barr, of Bellefonte, paid her mother a visit last week.

Henry Fye improved his property very much by erecting a new yard fence.

Mrs. Wesley Nevel and children spent Sunday at the home of Wm. Reibler.

Mrs. Joseph McClellan and Mr. and Mrs. Harry Frantz and children spent Sunday at Millheim, the guests of Charles McClellan.

LOCALS.

Centre Reporter, $1.00 a year.

Milton is the place selected to hold the annual meeting of the Sons of Veterans.

Samuel McCoy, formerly of Potters Mills, is now a conductor on a Philadelphia trolley car.

Rev. Dr. Joseph A. Seiss, one of the most noted Lutheran ministers of Philadelphia, is dead.

I. W. Zeigler, son of Mrs. Henry Zeigler, west of Centre Hall, is home from Bucknell University, in which institution he is a senior.

The Reporter, with pride, points to its communications as a source of genuine news. This paper has aimed to secure correspondents whose object is to furnish news and not silly, personal matter, and it has practically accomplished its end.

LOCALS.

The weather man makes us hot under the collar.

The most sensational feature any American magazine has captured in years is Thomas W. Lawson's "Frenzied Finance, the story of Amalgamated Copper," which begins in the July issue of Everybody's Magazine.

The frontispiece of The Booklovers Magazine for July is silver point drawing, from life, of President Roosevelt, by Carl J. Becker, of Philadelphia. It is an excellent likeness of the President in a characteristic pose.

Mr. and Mrs. Hiram Mott, of LeRoy, Bradford county; Mr. and Mrs. Omer Mott and little daughter Eva, of State College, were guests of Dr. and Mrs. Allison over Sunday. The last named gentleman is superintendent of the creamery at State College.

Home Comfort Ranges

THE BEST ON EARTH

This stove is made from heavy Wrought Steel and Malleable Iron. It has Asbestos lined flues, improved combined grate, extra heavy Fire Linings, Dust Proof Oven, quick baker, easy to manage, economical with fuel, and with proper care will last a full life time. This stove is

NOT SOLD BY DEALERS

But from our own wagons at one Uniform Price throughout the United States and Canada.

Below is what people say who are using "Home Comfort Ranges":

SPRING MILLS, PA.—To whom it may concern: This is to certify that I have used a Home Comfort Range for 13 years and can say it is in as good shape to-day as the day I got it. It is a Wood Saver, a perfect baker and a general purpose family stove.
JAMES A. McCLINTICK.

WADDLE, PA.—13 years ago I purchased a Home Comfort Range, and can truly say it is in as good shape to-day as the day I got it. It is a perfect baker, a fuel saver and a general purpose family stove.
JOHN HOUTZ.

HOME COMFORT RANGE COMPANY.—We have had the pleasure of using the Home Comfort Range for a number of years and it has certainly proved all right. It is a fine baker and a good heater. The stove is certainly all right.
J. I. CONDO, Spring Mills, Pa.

BELLEFONTE, June 9, 1904.—This is to certify that the Home Comfort Range is satisfactory in all ways, burns less coal or fuel than any other stove or range I ever had and is a good baker—takes but 3 sticks of wood to bake. I would not part with it and take another kind for the worth of 10 stoves. MRS. MARGARET GARBRICK.

SPRING MILLS, PA., June 6, 1904—We have used the Home Comfort Range for 11 years and it gives good satisfaction. ROBERT SMITH.

PENN HALL, June 8, 1904.—We have had our Range 5 years and we find it all right. For baking and heating it cannot be beat. MRS. J. F. HOSTERMAN.

SPRING MILLS, June 16, 1904.—We have had a Home Comfort Steel Range for twelve years and have found it all right. For baking and heating it cannot be best.
L. E. ROSSMAN.

WROUGHT IRON RANGE CO.

ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI.

Mr. John M. Bullock is ready to take your measure for that . . .

New Spring Suit OR Pair of Trousers

Did you see our display of Suitings and Trouserings in our North window? So many neat styles for the quiet dresser. Merchant Tailoring has never been so reasonable, so up-to-date, as now. Call in and see John and he "will do the rest."

Ready-to-Wear Clothing

Is in great demand, also . . . . . .

We can fit you and fit your pocket-book. Look at our Top Coats and Rain Coats and Nobby Spring Suits, Neckwear, Hosiery, Shirts, Etc.

MONTGOMERY & CO.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

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Special low price on Hay Rakes and Binder Twine . . . . . .

Farmers who purchase harvesting machinery from us this year, and those using said machinery purchased from us heretofore, are allowed ½ cent per pound on twine. 8 foot Hay Rakes are the biggest bargains we have.

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THE THING TO DO

THE THING TO DO
Is to look over our stock of Spring Goods in all the lines. The Ladies will find sewing material, and the Men will be interested in other lines.

OVERALLS and PLOW SHOES

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WE KEEP THE CHOICEST GROCERIES TO BE HAD...

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This week I will tell you about Horse Goods.

I have something to blow about. A set of Single Harness at $11.75, that is hard to beat. You must see it to realize how cheap it is.

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Come to see our Up-to-Date Furniture at special low prices. Bed Room Suits, Couches, Dining Room Chairs, Rockers, Beds, Mattresses, Springs, Wall Paper.

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It will be to your interest to visit this store where you will find the largest stock of goods in Penn's Valley, and get our prices.

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Ayer's Pills

Sugar-coated, easy to take, mild in action. They cure constipation, biliousness, sick-headache. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Use BUCKINGHAM'S DYE
FIFTY CTS. OF DRUGGISTS OR R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H.

Build up your Health and Strength

with JAYNE'S TONIC VERMIFUGE.

A pleasant, potent and permanent invigorator for WOMEN, CHILDREN and MEN.

FARM AND GARDEN

THE DUST SPRAY.

The paper on orcharding by L. A. Goodman treated of spraying as follows, as reported by the Gem State Rural: "In spraying apple orchards, when they begin to bear we must still experiment, to know just when and how and with what, but spray we must, is the almost universal verdict of all our best apple growers in the West. Many of us have been testing, and are still testing, the merits of the dust spray, and although I cannot say that it is better or equal to the liquid, still we find it is so much cheaper of application that I have used it together on about four hundred acres of our bearing orchard. The only question now is the dust and when to use it, and then thoroughness is the most important feature. Dust is safer, more easily applied, costs less, takes less time, saves hauling large loads of water, so that I have concluded to use the dust process altogether. I use lime, twenty pounds; Paris green, one pound; dry Bordeaux, one pound; sulphur, one pound; concentrated lye pulverized, one pound, and I find that results justify its use in instances where the work was well done." This treatment on spraying, coming from one of the largest orchardists of America, who has for several years thoroughly tried both the liquid and dust sprays in his own orchard, was a revelation to many, and will prove of great value to a large number who are trying to find the best means of protecting their fruit, and many will no doubt profit by his experience.

SETTING FENCE POSTS.

How to set fence posts so that they will endure service for the greatest length of time possible is a problem I have never yet seen satisfactorily solved, says a writer in Epitomist. Some say that they will last longer if set the reverse of their growth, with the top end in the ground, and in case of round posts there is something about this to consider. It certainly prevents water so readily entering knotholes or any open spaces they may contain, thus keeping them drier than if set with the butt end in the ground. When split, however, it is preferable to have the best and toughest end always down in the ground as it grew in the tree; in proof whereof a post from the first cut of a burr oak tree large enough to make three post cuts will, if set with the butt end in the ground, last twice as long as one from the top cut, set in the same way. The nature of the soil in which they stand also has an effect on posts, wet and not dry land being favorable for their durability. To last the longest, oak posts should be cut in the fall and winter months, and, as near as I can ascertain, set while they are still green.

FEEDING HOGS SUNSHINE.

There are as many different ideas about how a hog house should be constructed as there are hog owners, but any plan, no matter how elaborate it may be, which does not provide for an arrangement which will supply an abundance of sunshine, is faulty. Sun is as necessary for the hog house as for the stable, and the houses can be built to provide a fair amount of sun if one is careful in planning them. Another thing, in planning for the new hog houses or the remodeling of the old ones, see that the feeding arrangements are on the outside of the house if the winter climate is not too severe, or if too cold, place the feeding troughs where it will be impossible for the hogs to slop over into the material composing their bedding. This can be done with a little care and the outdoor arrangement can be had as well, so that the hogs may be fed outdoors as often as the weather will permit. During the summer see that the hog has access to grass, even though the space given them for a run be small. Then supply plenty of water for them to drink, but none to wallow in. In short, treat the hogs a little more along the same line that you treat other stock, and you'll get better returns from them.

COWS ON PASTURE.

It is hard for the dairyman who has spent most of his substance for feed during the winter to feel that there will be any advantage in feeding grain during the portion of the year his cows are on the pasture. It would be unsafe to lay down the hard and fast rule that this plan must be followed in order to obtain the greatest measure of success, but on the other hand there can be no objection to one's trying the experiment and ascertaining what there is in it. As to the ration, this must be, in quantity at least, what is deemed best by the feeder. If the experiment promises to be too costly select a single cow and feed her grain during the time she is on pasture; keep a careful record of results according to the milk-pail both as to quantity and quality of milk, and you'll know what to do a second year. Make the test a fair one by selecting for the experiment an average cow, neither a poor milker nor a heavy one. Make the grain ration, say, about one-quarter of the feed during the winter. The cost will be small and the results interesting, and, likely, profitable.

It is not thought by some good judges that overfeeding and forcing make for wholesome meat. A distinguished veterinarian who has investigated the subject holds that "under the present system the public have no guarantee, and are not insured the best, if, indeed, the cheapest, food The bulky withers of a fat bullock are no guarantee of health, for his fat tubular back may conceal the revolting ravages of disease. All this can alone be discovered by an inspection of the animal's interior after death The flesh of animals which have been produced by organs themselves diseased, is itself also necessarily deteriorated, and ought not to be regarded as prime for human food. These facts will be best understood by pathologists, but they also come home to the understanding and the stomachs of all classes."—Home and Farm.

GREASE ON FOWLS.

Much difficulty would be saved if a few drops of lard, not kerosene, were applied to the heads and legs of the fowls once a month. It is a tedious and troublesome job, but it would prevent scabby legs, and would debar the large gray body lice from breeding on the hens. No fowls are partial to grease. They do not like to have it applied to their bodies in any shape, nor should it be placed anywhere on their bodies except head neck, legs and vents, but still grease is an excellent remedy for the two difficulties mentioned. A mixture of a teacupful of lard, to which a tablespoonful of crude petroleum and twenty drops of carbolic acid have added, is excellent to have on hand for the purpose.

STICK TO ONE BREED.

It is bad policy to change year after year from one breed to another. Of course, if we are positively convinced that the breed we have is not the one suited to our needs, then change; but consider well before you discard any breed. It is also folly to try to keep several breeds and make them pay, unless we confine ourselves exclusively to the fancy side of poultry and wish to be able to supply all wants; and even then the specialist who centers all his efforts in one breed is most likely to succeed. Select one good breed and pin your faith to it, and do not allow any one to persuade you that there is some other that is better.—Home and Farm.

SAVE THE BODY.

It is time lost, and broken backs to undertake the sowing of garden seeds by hand. Use a drill, which puts the seeds in regularly, evenly, marks the rows and covers them at the right depth. There are many handy little implements suitable for the garden that are not in frequent use. Even a trowel does excellent service in transplanting, and a weeder will tear out the weeds much quicker than can be done by hand. Hand implements are being improved—even the hoes and rakes—and their use is economical and convenient.

PULLETS NOT LAYING.

If a pullet goes on the nest to lay, and comes off without depositing an egg within the nest, it is a sure indication that she is too fat. Overfeeding is usually the cause of the pullets being backward in laying, and this happens mostly when they are confined in the poultry house. As soon as they can have an opportunity to forage and exercise, their allowance of food should be reduced to half its quantity, and they will soon begin to lay and you will have good results.

COLIC IN HORSES.

Use sifted ashes burned from green hickory wood mixed with salt (one fourth ashes and three fourths salt) Keep in the manger where horses can help themselves every day in the year.

Hay Pays Better Than Gold.

A good hay farm in the Yukon Valley is a better paying proposition than an ordinary gold mine. This fact has been demonstrated by a Dawson freighter, who is farming a large tract of native hay at Gravel Lake, on the trail between Dawson and the Duncan district, Stewart River. Last fall this man put in an immense quantity of fine hay, enabling him to bale more than 600 tons this winter. Besides wintering his own large herd of stock, he has considerable feed for sale, receiving $140 a ton. At this price his crop was worth $84,000. He clears a profit of at least 100 per cent. Winter weather has not yet prevented continuous work. A crew of ten men has been employed and two six-mule teams to collect the bales and carry them to market. His entire crop was cut with scythes and handled in a primitive manner. Next season he will replace these methods with modern farming implements, greatly reducing the cost of handling the crop.—New York Commercial.

Treasure hunters are now digging for gold and other valuables among the ruins caused by the eruption of Mont Pelee.

WOMAN'S WORLD

FOR SUMMER JOURNEYS.

The traveling costume and wrap are of great importance in the summer outfit. Fashion demands modes that are distinct and in keeping with the occasion upon which they are to be worn. The last year's second best gown will not be accepted as "good enough for traveling this year," but there must be provided a dress, and possibly a wrap, that is designed for this particular purpose, and there are many modes from which to select. Dark, substantial colors or medium tones are preferred to the lighter shades, and the materials that possess dust shedding qualities, mohair, canvas veiling, pongee, taffeta and the lightweight worsted suitings, are the best selections. There are attractive colorings in all of these materials, and the traveling dress may be both becoming and modish; but there must be a certain severity about it, a simplicity that adapts it to hard wear. Mixed materials and the many shepherd plaids in blue and white, black and white, brown and white and green and white, make attractive frocks for traveling, and a simple shirtwaist costume in taffeta or louisine silk, in one of these checks, would be a charming mode. Narrow braid and buttons would provide smart trimming, and a little linen collar, worn with a soft satin tie in a color to match the braid or dark check in the material, and a crushed leather belt would add distinguishing notes. A long, loose wrap of pongee, shantung or taffeta would be useful with a costume of this sort. A shirtwaist costume of shantung in natural color, or in dark blue, steel gray, brown or black, would be an excellent suggestion for the traveling frock, especially for very warm weather, as shantung is delightfuly cool and light. For the packet and skirt costume intended for service there is no material possessing more admirable qualities than mohair, and this season it is by no means confined to the plain, solid colors, but is shown in a wide range of fancy effects, plaids, stripes and dots, all of which are indistinct and in something of a two-toned effect. Any of these, when trimmed with braid, stitched bands of silk or cloth and buttons, will be stylish and serviceable.—The Delineator.

A GIRL'S IDEA OF USEFULNESS.

Sometimes a girl's plans of usefulness begin when she is very young. They appear to her at a great distance, as if she were looking through the small end of a telescope. "The thoughts of youth are long, long thoughts," and the girl's idea of usefulness is to nurse the sick and wounded in war time; to go out as a missionary among the heathen; to write books with great thoughts in them; to do noble deeds of tremendous self-sacrifice; to take up some great life work, says the Philadelphia Inquirer. She looks so afar afield that she cannot she the little home duties staring her in the face, in the performance of which lies her best training for great and worthy deeds. Many a girl who dreams of emulating such an ideal as Florence Nightingale shrieks and runs out of the room when the little brother cuts his hand with the bread knife. What a scared, helpless creature she would be in a hospital. Another maid pictures herself a heroine of self-denial, giving up all for some unworthy creature, yet she is too lazy to run upstairs to fetch her mother's gloves. Though she is not "faithful in small things," she fully expects to excel in great. The ideal daughter is the unselfish, active, intelligent and good tempered girl, who thinks out what she can do to help her mother, to make life pleasanter for her father and home happier for her brothers. Doing for others when we would rather be doing something for ourselves is the highest form of self-culture, particularly if the acts of self abnegation be performed with a cheerfulness. One's heart goes out to the dispenser of sunshine, and many a heavy spirit has been lightened of its burden by an encouraging word or gentle touch.

POMANDER HAS RETURNED.

The pomander, which was so highly esteemed by our great-grandmothers, has again come into fashion. It consists of a ball of sweet-smelling herbs well pounded and inclosed in a perforated gold or silver case, and may be worn on one of the pretty jewelled chains which nowadays no self-respecting woman would be without, or depending from a chatelaine or bracelet. In the days of the plague pomanders were made of special herbs, which the doctors considered disinfectant, such as feverfew, mugwort and hayweed. These were steeped in stale ale. For typhus cinnamon and oil of valerian were recommended to be worn against the skin. In old world gardens every variety of herb was to be found, many of them for medicinal use; also plants from which perfumes could be distilled. An especial favorite was the red bergamot, a whiff of which takes us back to the days of hoops and powder and sacques and clouded canes, when fine ladies and even finer gentlemen shook out their lace-trimmed, bergamot-scented handkerchiefs, the graceful performance of which act was regarded as almost as great an art as taking a pinch of snuff with due elegance. Woodruffe, with its smell of new-mown hay, is a preventive against moth and mice and is still largely used for that purpose in country places where it grows.

WOMEN SUICIDES.

Women who are driven to suicide presumably lose most of their ambition before taking the fatal plunge, but there is one feminine trait that they retain to the end, namely, pride in clothes. "Seldom," says a doctor whose position has required him to perform post mortem services for many of these unfortunates, "have I seen a woman who did not go to her death as well dressed as her circumstances would allow. The published reports of these tragedies confirm my observation. Read in the papers the account of a suicide and nine times out of ten it will wind up by saying 'the woman was well dressed, or, at the least, her clothing was neat and clean.' Unless these women belong to the dregs they are found dressed in the silk skirt and silk waist which have become the inevitable garb of the suicide of moderate means. At the last the true feminine instinct seems to assert itself, and, although the woman will not be here to read the account of the tragedy she wants to die in the blessed satisfaction that she will be written up as a well dressed member of society."—Chicago Tribune.

PRIZE OFFERED TO WOMEN.

The Naples Table Association, which has for its object the promotion of scientific research by women, has announced the offer of a prize of $1,000, to be awarded in April, 1907, for the best thesis submitted by a woman on a scientific subject involving laboratory research. This is the third prize to be offered by the association. The first prize was awarded in April, 1903, to Dr. Florence Sabine, of Johns Hopkins Medical School, for a research on the origin of the lymphatic glands. Mrs. Ellen H. Richardson, of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, is chairman of the prize committee.

A GOOD PROTECTOR.

Many girls borrow the dress-shirt protectors of their brothers for their own use, or indeed, if the brothers are wanting, go boldly to the men's furnishing counter and provide for themselves. Their protection over a lace or chiffon bodice front is very grateful and they button in even under a tight-fitting jacket with ease. In this department has been recommended, too, the use of the short, quilted Japanese jacket for wear under an evening coat. These are so light that they go over the most delicate trimmings without crushing them.

A PRETTY PARASOL.

An extremely pretty idea introduced in parasols is a small shepherd's check in taffetas, the favorite colors being blue or black or brown and white; silver or gold tips finish the ribs, and the handles are similar to umbrella handles. Lace medallion decorations are still in evidence, although they are certainly not so smart as those which are woven into the material, and which are about the size of a silver dollar. Shaded ruchings are very effective, while inside trimming is the distinctive feature of the season.

LACE IN VOGUE.

There never were such lovely lace pieces far various purposes sent over to us before. The wide, round collars to be worn sans choker are to be no end popular, with simple cloth and thin gowns, and another shape that is lovely and for dressier occasions is a wide stole, the end becoming still wider and falling quite to the knees, and that may be prettily held at the waist by a loose jeweled girdle buckling low in front.

DRESSMAKING HINTS.

The pongee parasol has it all its own way.

A new style shows a large gold ring in the handle to be slipped over the arm for convenience in carrying.

These pongee sunshades are trimmed with dots, with oriental embroidery or with tiny and numberless ruffles.

Short sleeves are to be much worn, but the lady-with-bones had better forego their doubtful seductions.

With these will be worn long silk or the economical, pretty and washable suede lisle.

Most of the graduating gowns will boast a transparent stock.

Hemstitched seams are new upon the more elaborate underwear.

Hand embroidery upon lingerie has reached a degree of perfection this season that has not been seen for many years.

The ruffles and jabots in vogue for nightgowns several years ago are no longer used. The embroidery is on the garment itself.

Nightgowns are made longer and fuller and with larger sleeves, resembling the simple bedroom wrappers.

HOUSEHOLD TALKS

CARE OF PLANTS.

Plants cannot be well grown anywhere or under any circumstances when crowded together. It is more satisfactory to grow a few well than grow many indifferently. One of the most important things to be attended to is watering them. Plants should not be allowed to wilt for want of water. The plants should be frequently sprinkled overhead, and kept clean and free from dead leaves. Extreme change of temperature should be avoided as much as possible. A moderately low temperature is to be preferred in a room to a high one, as too much warmth without a strong light will cause the plants to grow weak. It has been said by some that it is unhealthy to keep plants in rooms, but their argument lacks force. I believe them, on the contrary, to be conducive to health, not only by their soothing and cheerful influence on the mind, but as purifiers of the air. I recommend house plants to all who have a room in which to grow them —Louis Campbell, in The Epitomist.

FOR WASH GOODS.

For wash goods a short list of stains with their "antidotes" runs as follows: Fresh tea stains, cold water and soap. If old and obstinate, soak first in cold water, squeeze dry, rub with the yolk of an egg and glycerine then wash with simple pure soap and lukewarm water. Fresh coffee stains come out with cold water. Old ones that have been boiled in need the same treatment as old tea stains, followed by a good bleaching on the grass. For orange or lemon stains try diluted ammonia. Tar or fresh paint will yield to kerosene or the article may be soaked in buttermilk, then rinsed in soapy water. For paint on colored cottons, rub kitchen soap thoroughly on the spot, then soak in cold water over night, when the paint will pull off, leaving no stain nor injury to the fabric. An iodine stain comes out if the fabric is soaked in sweet milk, with occasional rubbing of the spot. For blood stains nothing is better than cold soapsuds, to which kerosene has been added. Machine oil or vaseline come out easily when washed with soap and cold water For chocolate or cocoa, soap thickly and rinse in warm water. To remove scorch, dip in soapsuds and spread in the hot sunshine. It may take days, but it will yield at last.

BEDROOM FURNITURE.

The newest wrinkle in bedroom furnishings for summer is the use of the crown tapestry canopy for the dresser and bedstead. The chief thing to recommend the tapestry canopy is its economy. Any old bedroom suite can be used as a foundation, or even a pine framework, painted white, for the dressing table and washstand The latter is draped with figured tapestry along the simplest lines to give the valance effect. The dressing table has a crown foundation overhead from which the tapestry falls in graceful folds and extends to the floor The background for the mirror is also of the tapestry, and in this frame work is set an oval beveled glass at a height convenient for a woman to sit when making her toilet. The entire dressing table is enveloped in the tapestry, over which a white point d'esprit frilled dressed scarf is spread. A bedstead painted white, or a brass one, has a draped crown fashioned to correspond with the dressing table and also has valances of the tapestry White ruffled point d'esprit pillow shams and spread give the little dainty touch and tone down the brilliance of the floral coloring. A slipper ottoman, upholstered and lined with plain sateen, which has pockets about the sides for the footwear, goes with this set. A chair which is the epitome of comfort is an addition to the set It is called the "Thirty Winks," "Forty Winks," or "Fifty Winks," according to its size. It nearly envelopes the occupant, as it has not only a high back, but high side pieces which extend out to the padded arms. A box couch upholstered in the tapestry, with cushions, is offered as an alternate to the chair.—Kansas City Star.

SOME RECIPES.

Fruit Rhubarb Pie.—Take three heaping cups of chopped rhubarb, one of chopped and seeded raisins and three crackers, powdered. Mix and add two-thirds of a cup of sugar, a teaspoonful of butter, spice and salt to taste. This amount will make three pies. Bake in two crusts. This is a favorite with all lovers of rhubarb.

Rhubarb Pudding.—Butter a pudding dish thickly and sprinkle with bread crumbs, leaving a half inch layer on the bottom. Peel and cut rhubarb in small pieces and put a layer on the crumbs, then a good allowance of sugar. Alternate until your dish is filled, having the top layer crumbs.

German Kaffeebrod.—One cup light bread sponge, one-half cup sugar, one-fourth cup melted butter, one-fourth cup warm milk, one egg, a little salt. Mix down with flour not quite so hard as for bread, put in a warm place and let rise overnight. In the morning roll out flat, put in a dripper, cover the top with melted butter, sprinkle with sugar and cinnamon. Let rise and bake.—What to Eat.

NOTES AND COMMENTS

Senator Depew in a recent address warned young men not to get government positions until they have established themselves independently in some other vocation.

A Philadelphia court has ruled that life insurance money should be paid to the heirs of a man hanged for murder. In this decision law is, as always it should be, crystallized common sense.

Asks the Chicago Record-Herald:—"Just to satisfy public curiosity, will somebody kindly report how work is progressing on the Hague Palace of Peace?"

According to Mr. Crooks, M. P., everybody who lives twenty years in London without a blemish on his character goes to Heaven without dying. So far, however, there has been no marked decrease in the death rate on this account.

If one judges by the salaries paid in some other cities and throughout the country, the Teachers' College is building better than it knows in instructing its pupils how to live on thirteen cents a day, observes the New York Herald.

As Senator Morgan gazes upon the portrait of the late Senator Hanna on the Panama bonds he may be pardoned for thinking regretfully how nice his own portrait would have looked upon crisp, new Nicaragua bonds, with the legend under it, "Father of the Isthmian Canal."

Dean George F. James of the Department of Pedagogy in the State University, told the St. Paul Federation of Grade Teachers recently that more than 100,000 teachers would retire this year because their salaries did not afford a living. Many school boards, he said, expected high school teachers to instruct in Latin and Greek and in several sciences, to conduct glee clubs and other musical organizations and take general charge of physicial culture and athletics for $50 a month, and only nine months in the year. A laborer could earn more wages and work every month in the year.

Professor Starr, of the University of Chicago, advises mothers to strap children to boards, papoose fashion, and thus insure the erect form and carriage of the American Indian. The professor, it will be remembered, believes Americans are gradually becoming Indians, owing to climatic influences, and his suggestion in regard to babies is evidently intended to hasten the evolution.

An amusing feud between the bench and the press has arisen in Melbourne, according to the London Chronicle. One of the local morning journals alleged that the court hours were too short altogether, and that public inconvenience thereby resulted. Chief Justice Sir John Madden read that statement, and staggered counsel by sitting until 6 o'clock every day. A deputation of barristers waited upon him and remonstrated. He replied that so long as the public, as represented by the press, considered that the court was consulting its own ease he would continue to sit late. He has already converted the reporters.

Says the American Tailor and Cutter: Properly to estimate the debt of gratitude the world owes to tailoring, due consideration must be given not only to the increased gracefulness and attractiveness good clothes give to men in general, but to the wonderful work the tailor does in so clothing misshaped men as to make them less conspicuously disagreeable in appearance than they otherwise would be. Think of what tailors do for the lopsided, whom they pad and build up to apparent evenness, and for the giraffe-like necked, the swaybacked, the bow-legged, the knock kneed, the scraggy and the big bellied, to whom their art supplies either some degree of attractiveness or whose lack of pulchritude it minimizes. Tailors, in short, are responsible to a great degree for the social and moral conditions of civilized mankind, and by the excellence of their work, or the lack of it, contribute much to the world's happiness or greatly add to its spiritual depression and mental derangement.

"The chewing gum is generally regarded by the parents of children who are addicted to it as a pernicious habit," recently remarked a Philadelphia dentist. "And yet, in certain cases, I have no hesitation in saying that it is a most excellent thing. In fact, on more than one occasion have I advised the parents of children whose faces were narrow and whose jaws were not sufficiently developed to make them chew gum. The constant exercise has a tendency to widen an otherwise narrow jaw and thus make room for teeth that show evidence of crowding each other out of shape. The constant chewing of gum for two hours every day is sufficient exercise to bring about a most desirable result in the dwarfed formation of a child's jaw. Even when no such treatment is necessary I see no reason why the children should be forbidden to chew gum. It can do no harm and may possibly do good in keeping the teeth white and clean."

THE KEYSTONE STATE

Latest News of Pennsylvania Told in Short Order.

There is to be no general suspension of the independent iron and steel mills controlled by the Amalgamated Association on July 1, as had been feared for some time, because of the failure to arrange a wage scale. By mutual agreement the representatives of the association and the Republic Iron & Steel Company will hold another conference before the expiration of the present scale. If the latter meeting is barren of results another plan has been formulated to avert a strike. A conciliation board will be appointed to settle the matter. Each side will appoint one representative. The two will select a third. At a meeting to be called by the three members of the board representatives of each party directly interested will be permitted to offer testimony to show why their proposition should be accepted. After hearing the evidence, the board will arrange a scale to be submitted to the contending parties. By this means it is hoped that a serious breach will be prevented. This will be the first time in many years that the failure to effect an agreement does not result in the closing of the mills.

Twelve merchants in the business part of Chester were surprised upon going to open their stores to find bundles in the doorways. Each package was neatly tied, but no address was on the outside wrapper. In each instance the package was found to contain old clothing. The merchants notified the police and after an investigation the owner of the property was found. A young man who is prominent in society and who started to clean house found several years' accumulation of old shoes, clothes and other wearing apparel. He did not wish to throw them away and so decided to place the articles in the doors of the stores of merchants with the hope that they would give them to persons who were in need.

The Supreme Court's decision affirming that of the Superior Court in the case of Hoover against the Pennsylvania Telephone Company settles the fact that telephone and telegraph companies do not have the right of eminent domain. Hoover owns a farm near Harrisburg and sought to restrain the telephone company from putting poles on it. The Dauphin County Court declared against him and the case was appealed to the Superior Court, which reversed the Dauphin County decision, and Hoover promptly cut down the poles.

Robbers visited the little village of Slaymakerstown, Salisbury Township, at an early hour the other morning, and entered the house of Mrs. Annie Brackbill, the widow of George O. Brackbill. Mrs. Brackbill and her daughter, Miss Edith, awoke to find three men at their bedside. Each man was heavily masked, and each drew a revolver and pressed it to the women's heads, threatening them with instant death if they made an outcry. The next demand was for the money in the house, and Mrs. Brackbill acceded by handing over about $7.

Each of the 900 or more public school teachers of Pittsburg are circulating for signatures papers issued by the Teachers' Association appealing for the support of taxpayers in the movement to secure salaries that will compare favorably with those in other cities in the country of the same size as Pittsburg. The teachers desire an increase averaging nearly 80 per cent. The highest salary paid teachers in the public schools in Pittsburg, it is declared, is $13.46 a week while the lowest is $7.50 a week. These figures take into account the fifty-two weeks in the year. The petitions are being generally signed.

An engine whistle at Pottsville scared a horse attached to a buckboard containing W. R. McAdams, a railroad contractor, and Miss Carrie W. Perkin, niece of George W. Jones, a coal operator. The buckboard was overturned and the occupants were thrown to the street. Miss Parkin escaped with a few bruises and cuts. Mr. McAdams sustained bruises, cuts, a broken collar bone and two fractured ribs.

James G. Downward, the Chester County delegate to the Democratic National Convention, died at his home in Coatesville. Mr. Downward was in his 67th year. For more than a quarter of a century he was engaged in the manufacturing business.

In court the borough of Conshohocken won a $5000 law suit, brought by Mrs. Mary Flynn for personal injuries, because Judge Swartz charged the jury that the borough is not responsible for every loose brick in the pavement. Mrs. Flynn alleged that she was injured by tripping over a depression in a pavement two years ago on a dark night. The borough showed that the alleged depression consisted of several "soft" bricks which had become thin and broken from age and wear.

The parents of Howard Esher, who was kicked to death by a mule in the Cameron colliery, Shamokin, sued the Mineral Railroad & Mining Company for $5,000 damages. A jury awarded them $717.

Judge Scott, in his charge to the Grand Jury, at Easton called attention to the difficulties resulting from the use of automobiles in that county and instructed the jurors in the la re specting the use of automobiles. He also called the attention of the constables to the automobile law.

While cleaning a revolver, Anthony Reisher, aged 29 years, of Mt. Carmel, was accidentally shot in the abdomen and killed.

The Directors' and Teachers' Association, of the lower end of Montgomery County, held a banquet. The Committee of Arrangements included H. B. Harmer, Charles A. Wagner G. W. Quigley, S. J. Garner, W. R Rahn, W. S. Campbell, Miss May A Cloud and Miss Jennie Wickersham.

John A Hornberger, of Leola while playing ball in Mechanicsburg, was hit by a pitched ball. He was rendered unconscious and taken home. He is suffering from severe concussion of the brain.

COMMERCIAL REVIEW.

R. G. Dun & Company's "Weekly Review of Trade" says:

Current trade conditions are without change and collections continue slow as a rule, but there is growing confidence in the future, dealers exhibiting an inclination to prepare for Fall and Winter on a larger scale. There is still much complaint that the weather is unseasonable for retail distribution and payments are not prompt. Reports regarding the building trades are almost uniformly favorable, structural work increasing as the season advances, and transportating prospects are brighter on the lakes. Railway earning, now practically complete for April, show a loss of 2.9 per cent. compared with last year, and surpasses the corresponding months of any preceding year. The decline in the cost of living has continued without interruption since March 1.

List prices for iron and steel products are maintained in most cases mainly because of agreements rather than the support of consumption. Demand is extremely limited. The only new business of importance was furnished by several large orders for cars, which provided a demand for plates, and a desultory movement of structural steel for railway bridges and buildings at Baltimore. Other lines of finished steel are quiet.

"Bradstreet's says: Wheat, including flour, exports for the week ending June 9 aggregate 1,482,032 bushels against 1,637,208 last week, 4,191,317 this week last year, 3,400,314 in 1902 and 4,791,107 in 1901. From July 1 1903, to date they aggregate 129,411,751 bushels, against 213,064,124 last season, 236,900,123 in 1902, and 201,274,914 in 1901. Corn exports for the week aggregate 54,540 bushels, against 327,166 last week, 824,815 a year ago 94,981 in 1902, and 2,569,254 in 1901 From July 1, 1903, to date they aggregate 50,332,915 bushels, against 63,210,537 last season, 24,587,884 in 1902 and 166,580,169 in 1901.

WHOLESALE MARKETS.

Baltimore, Md. — FLOUR — Quiet and unchanged; receipts, 4,078 barrels.

WHEAT—Dull; spot, contract, 1.02 @1.02¼; spot, No. 2 red Western, 1.03 @1.03¼; June 1.02@1.02¼; July, 8; asked; August, 87¼ asked; steamer No. 2 red, 87@87¼; Southern, by sample, 90@1.02; Southern, on grade 90@1.02.

CORN—Steady; spot, 52½ @52¾; June, 52½@52¾; July, 53½@53¾ August, 53; steamer mixed, 50@50¼; receipts, 7,108 bushels; Southern white corn, 51@57; Southern yellow corn, 51 @57½.

OATS—Steady; No. 2 white, 48½@ 48¾; No. 2 mixed, 44¼@45¼; receipts, 7,247 bushels.

RYE—No. 2 Western, 79@80; receipts, 750 bushels.

BUTTER—Steady, unchanged; fancy imitation, 17@18; fancy creamery 19@20; fancy ladle, 14@15; store packed, 11@12.

EGGS—Firm, unchanged; 18½.

CHEESE—Steady, unchanged; large 8½@18¾; medium, 8¾@9; small, 8¾ @9⅛.

New York.—BUTTER—Quiet; receipts, 8,316 packages; cramery, common to extra, 13@18¼; State dairy common to extra, 13@17¼.

CHEESE — Quiet; receipts, 1,911 packages; weekly exports, 3,848 boxes State full cream, small colored, choice 7¾@7¾; do., fair to good, 7¼@7½ small white, choice, 7¼@7⅝.

New York.—BUTTER—Firm; receipts, 5,680; creamery, common to extra, 18@18¼; State dairy, to common to extra, 13@17½.

CHEESE—Steady; receipts, 1,532 State full cream small colored, choice 8; do. fair to good, 7¼@7¾; small white, choice, 7¾; do. fair to good 5¾@7½; large white and colored choice, 7½; do. fair to good, 6¾@7.

EGGS—Irregular; receipts, 14,229 State, Pennsylvania, and near by fancy selected, white, 20@21; firsts, 17@ 17½; storage selections, 17@18, seconds, 15½@16¼; Southern, 12@14

POULTRY — Alive, firm; spring chickens, 20@23; fowls, 14; turkeys 12; dressed, steady; Western fowls 13; turkeys, 14@15.

FLOUR—Receipts, 9,483 barrels exports, 23,184 barrels; dull at unchanged prices.

LARD.—Firm; Western steamed 6.85; refined firm; continent, 6.90 South American, 7.35; compound, 5¾ @5¾.

POTATOES—Steady; new Southern, 4.00@5.55; State and Western sacks, 2.50@2.70; Jersey sweets, 3.00 @5.00.

PEANUTS — Firm; fancy handpicked, 5⅞@6; other omestics, 3¼@ 6½.

Live Stock.

Chicago.—Good to prime steers, 5.25 @5.75; poor to medium, 4.40@5.25; stockers and feeders, 3.25@4.75; cows and heifers, 1.75@5.00; canners, 1.75@ 2.90; bulls, 2.50@4.25; calves, 2.50@ 5.75; Texas fed steers, 4.50@510.

HOGS—Mixed and buchers, 4.55@ 4.75; good to choice heavy, 4.70@ 4.80; rough heavy, 4.50@4.65; light, 4.50@4.65; bulk of sales, 4.60@4.70.

SHEEP—Good to choice wethers, 5.25@5.60; fair to choice mixed, 4.00 @5.00; native lambs, 5.00@6.50; spring lambs, 5.50@7.50.

New York—STEERS, 4.75@5.60; stags, 5.00; bulls, 3.50@4.60; cows, 2.00 @4.05. Cables quote live cattle slow at 11½@12½c. per pound; few tops, 12¾c. dressed weight; sheep dull at 12@14c.; dressed weight; refrigerator beef steady at 9@9½c. per pound.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Sheep weak; winter lambs and spring lambs, 25c. lower. Sheep, 3.50@5.00; no choice here; winter lambs, 5.50@6.75; spring lambs, 6.50@8.25; one deck choice, 8.50.

HOGS—Receipts, 2,183; State hogs, 5.15; light Ohio do., 5.00 mixed Western, 4.65.

WORLD OF LABOR.

Germany has 22 shipyards, employing 60,000 men.

Under the prevailing rate of wages electricians in New York city receive 50 cents an hour.

The total number of persons employed in the mining industry in New South Wales for 1903 is computed at 37,739.

Detroit (Mich.) plumbers have resumed work. They have secured a new agreement calling for $3.50 for eight hours.

PROBABLY NOTHING.

A man tried to get a pink fuchsia
To grow in St. Petersburg, Ruchsia,
But always in vain,
Til he cried, in much pain:
"Will nothing, O fuchsia, induchsia?"
—Puck.

HIS FAVORITE SUBJECT.

"Doesn't your father ever talk to you about his Maker?" asked the Sunday school teacher.

"I guess he does," replied little Albert. "Pa claims he's a self-made man."—Chicago Record-Herald.

MIGHT HAVE RETORTED.

Mrs. Barker—Sarah Miller had the assurance to look me right in the face and tell me I was looking horrid!

Mrs. Slyder—You ought to have told her you didn't mind such reflections as that.—Boston Transcript.

UNCOMPLAINING SUFFERER.

Little Tildy—Don't you get awful tired doin' nothin', Mister?

Languid Lannigan—Turrible, Sissy, but I never complains. Everybody has dere troubles.—Puck.

A ROMANCER.

"I see Jones is going to write a novel."

"I never thought he had imagination enough for that."

"The deuce he hasn't! He's been making out expense accounts for nearly eleven years."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

OUT OF HER LINE.

"So you were at Mrs. Marrable's dinner yesterday, Flossie. What was the menu like?"

"I really can't tell you, for I didn't take any. It's a thing I very seldom touch."

THE POLITE BUTCHER.

Boy (in butcher's shop)—My mother sent me back to let you see what a big bone there was in the pound of beef she bought last night, and she wants another pound without bones.

Butcher—Tell your mother the next time I kill a cow without bones I'll send her a leg for nothing.

NOT AT HOME.

Mr. Borem—Could I see Miss Archer?

Maid—Faith, thot's what she wuz wonderin' as ye come acrost the street.

Mr. Borem—Ah! Then she's in?

Maid—Oh, no, she's out.—Philadelphia Press.

BRIGHTENING THE PAPER.

Bangs—Wonder what there was in the paper to-day about Masterson?

Grimes—Didn't know there was anything.

Bangs—Oh, there must have been. He was saying to me that to-day's issue was unusually interesting.—Boston Transcript.

A CAUTIOUS YOUTH.

"Bobby, your father wants to see you."

The boy looked dubious.

"Do I want to see him?" he asked.

"How should I know?"

"You ought to be able to tell by the look in his eye."—Chicago Post.

SETTING WILLIE STRAIGHT.

"Was papa in a circus with tights on a long time ago?"

"No, Willie, your papa never was in a circus with tights on. But your papa made a show of himself with tights on when he was a young man."—Baltimore World.

BLESSING IN DISGUISE.

Customer—But that umbrella looks so awfully cheap and common the price you ask for it is preposterous.

Dealer—My dear sir, that's the beauty of that umbrella. It's really the very best quality, but it's made to appear cheap and common so that no one would think it worth stealing.—Philadelphia Press.

AMONG THE LADIES.

"His wife must be the worst housekeeper in the world."

"Why so?"

"Why, her husband stated publicly that there wasn't a day in the year when he wasn't perfectly comfortable at home!"—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

EXPLAINED.

Kwoter—You know the old saying "Care will kill a cat." Now, do you know what that means?

Naybor—It probably means if you don't take care when you're doing that sort of think you'll get yourself in trouble with your neighbors."—Philadelphia Press.

WHAT HE WANTED TO SAY.

Roxley—I want to put a "personal" in the paper to recover a horse and buggy I lost.

Clerk—Ah! you mean an ad for the "Lost and Found" column?

Roxley—No. I want to say, "If the man who stole my horse and buggy to elope with my daughter will return said horse and buggy suitable reward will be paid."—Philadelphia Press.

TWO MINDS, ONE THOUGHT.

All the Circumstances Seemed to Point to a Single Conclusion.

They sat together on the sofa, watching the dying embers. They had been silent for some time. He moved uneasily. It was apparent that something was on his mind. He looked at her furtively. She was a beautiful girl. He determined at last to make the plunge and turned his face resolutely toward hers.

"Dear," he said, "I am going to ask you a question that I have never asked before. I hope it will not shock you. You will notice by a glance at the clock that it is nearly midnight. There is not a sound in the house, and it is evident that your father and mother have both gone to bed. There is no one else to disturb us. All is serene. The gas overhead is turned down to the right point, and these embers shed just the correct glow. A soft, sentimental feeling that I have not been able to overcome has begun to steal over me. I hope it has over you. Now what I want to ask you is this: Considering all the circumstances I have mentioned, do you think it would be quite proper for me to kiss you?"

The beautiful creature at his side turned impulsively and laid a delicate hand on his arm.

"Do you want to know what I really think?" she said, earnestly.

"Yes."

"Then, considering everything, I don't think it would be proper for you not to kiss me."—Town Topics.

A Pointer for Candidates.

Two candidates for office in Missouri were stumping the northern part of the state, and in one town their appearance was almost simultaneous. The candidate last arriving happened to stop at a house for the purpose of getting a drink of water. To the little girl who answered his knock at the door he said, when she had given him the desired draught and he had offered her in recompense some candy: "Did the man ahead of me give you anything?"

"Oh, yes, sir," replied the bright girl, "he gave me candy."

"Ah!" exclaimed the candidate, "here's 5 cents for you. I don't suppose that he gave you any money?"

The youngster laughed merrily. "Yes, he did, too. He gave me 10 cents!"

Not to be outdone, the candidate gave the little one another nickel, and, picking her up in his arms, kissed her.

"Did he kiss you, too?" he asked genially.

"Indeed, he did, sir!" responded the little girl, "and he kissed ma too!"—Collier's Weekly.

The Development of Nevada.

No state in the Union has so long and so badly needed an increase of population as has Nevada, says the National Geographic Magazine. Her population of 42,000 to-day is less than it was in 1870, six years after her admission as a state. It is gratifying to know, therefore, that she will more than double her present numbers when the vast government irrigation works begun on the Truckee and Carson rivers are completed. It is estimated that the works will make productive about 375,000 acres of sage brush desert in the western part of the state. These lands will furnish fertile homesteads of about eighty acres each for 4,500 families. Towns and villages will naturally spring up, so that Nevada may expect from the reclamation an increase of 60,000 at the least.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

The population of London has increased eleven per cent. in fourteen years.

Use Allen's Foot-Ease.

It is the only cure for Swollen, Smarting, Tired, Aching, Hot, Sweating Feet, Corns and Bunions. Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. Cures while you walk. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N.Y.

The average price of agricultural land in Russia is $14 an acre.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c. a bottle.

Japan has fifteen docks capable of accommodating warships.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'Brien, 322 Third Avenue, N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

In Korea dog meat is in great request at certain seasons.

Immense Circular Saw.

The largest circular saw in the world has just been made in Philadelphia. It is seven feet four inches in diameter, and will be used to cut pine stumps into shingle bolts.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

No Milk While in Mourning.

When an Arabian woman is in mourning for a near relative she refuses to drink milk for a period of eight days, on the principle that the color of the liquid does not harmonize with her mental gloom.

FALL OF A GRIZZLY BEAR.

Without an Instant's Warning Tractable Beast Kills His Trainer.

Another distinct type of a zoo rogue is the beast that goes wrong owing to accidental temptation—like Shaggy, an exceedingly intelligent, tractable Rocky Mountain grizzly who reverted to savagery and turned man-killer in a twinkling, owing to the unfortunate misstep and fall of his trainer.

Shaggy was a big, handsome, gray old fellow, with a jungle-thick coat and a lumbering, awkward gait, and a funny twinkle that made him particularly adaptable for his part of clown in a remarkably trained group of fourteen bears. He had come under the hands of his teacher when but a helpless cub, had never lost his liking for caresses, and, although the mightiest beast in the collection, was least suspected of being dangerous. Once, when a striped hyena hung to the ankle of his friend, he had run to the rescue, and cut loose right and left with his ponderous fore paws, and had bitten and torn and mangled the ugly beast to death before he could be beaten off. Among his accomplishments were that of turning admirably grotesque somersaults and the more difficult feat of balancing himself on his hind legs on a three-foot wooden sphere.

Not a scratch or a scar had his trainer to show for the years of work he had put in with the bear. And yet, without an instant's warning, this same beast attacked and injured his master so that, when rescued, he was semi-demented, and so dreadfully cut and lacerated that the surgeons decided it useless to try to save his life. —McClure's Magazine.

GERONIMO IN OLD AGE.

He Is No Longer Looked Upon as a Chief by the Apaches.

Geronima was at Lawton last week. The health of the old chief is still good, although he is very aged. His home is ten miles from Lawton, yet he usually walks to and from the place to do his trading.

He is quite often asked to give an exhibition of his skill as a marksman with the bow. This he readily consents to do provided a nickel is made the target and it becomes his own in case he hits it.

Geronimo denies the statement of Gen. Miles that the general captured him. The old warrior says that some where up on the mountains, when he was on the warpath, two white men came to him and told him that Gen Miles wanted to see him.

The men accompanied him to the camp of the general and he was made a prisoner. Geronimo says he thinks it was in Arizona, the territory of his birth. Anyway, he says it was up in the mountains.

The tribal relations of the Apaches have been dissolved, and they no longer look upon Geronimo as their chief. They consider him a childish old man, who is too senile to advise them.—wton Democrat.

Not Ready for His Coffin.

Engineer Minamisawa was wounded in a sea battle, where he distinguished himself on board the Kasumi. On his arriving at Sesebo, "I was astonished to find," remarked the officer with a great deal of amusement, "three coffins brought and to hear some one calling out: Where is the corpse of Engineer Minamisawa?' 'I am that corpse,' I bawled in reply.

B.B.B. BOTANIC BLOOD BALM

A Household Remedy

Cures SCROFULA, ULCERS, SALT RHEUM, ECZEMA, every form of malignant SKIN ERUPTION, besides being efficacious in toning up the system and restoring the constitution, when impaired from any cause. It is a fine Tonic, and its almost supernatural healing properties justify us in guaranteeing a cure of all blood diseases, if directions are followed.

Price, $1 per Bottle, or 6 Bottles for $5.

FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS.

SENT FREE BOOK OF WONDERFUL CURES, together with valuable information. BLOOD BALM CO., ATLANTA, GA.

MAKE MONEY MANUFACTURING MIRRORS.—Send $1 for typewritten form of how to Silver Mirrors. Big money and little expense to begin. Send stamp for particulars. E. D. TERRY, 102 East Fair Street, Atlanta, Ga.

WOMEN and MEN wanted who are seeking profitable, permanent and honorable business employment; no outlay of money, no canvassing, no soliciting, no experience needed, no loss of time from home or occupation. ROBERT ERDMAN, No. 115 North Fifteenth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

No More Blind Horses For Specific Ophthalmia Moon Blindness & other Sore Eyes, Barry Co., Iowa City Ia., have a sure cure

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

HOT WEATHER, NERVOUS WOMEN.

BLANCHE GREY.

MISS BLANCHE GREY, a prominent young society woman of Memphis, Tenn., in a recent letter from 174 Alabama street, says:

"To a society woman whose nervous force is often taxed to the utmost from lack of rest and irregular meals, I know of nothing which is of so much benefit as Peruna. I took it a few months ago when I felt my strength giving way, and it soon made itself manifest in giving me new strength and health."—Blanche Grey.

Peruna is without an equal as a nerve tonic and vital invigorator.

Buy a bottle of Peruna. If you do not receive all the benefits from Peruna that you expected, write to Dr. Hartman, Columbus, O.

FREE to WOMEN

A Large Trial Box and book of instructions absolutely Free and Postpaid, enough to prove the value of

Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic

Paxtine is in powder form to dissolve in water — non-poisonous and far superior to liquid antiseptics containing alcohol which irritates inflamed surfaces, and have no cleansing properties. The contents of every box makes more Antiseptic Solution — lasts longer — goes further — has more uses in the family and does more good than any antiseptic preparation you can buy.

The formula of a noted Boston physician, and used with great success as a Vaginal Wash, for Leucorrhœa, Pelvic Catarrh, Nasal Catarrh, Sore Throat, Sore Eyes, Cuts, and all soreness of mucus membrane.

In local treatment of female ills Paxtine is invaluable. Used as a Vaginal Wash we challenge the world to produce its equal for thoroughness. It is a revelation in cleansing and healing power; it kills all germs which cause inflammation and discharges.

All leading druggists keep Paxtine; price, 50c. a box; if yours does not, send to us for it. Don't take a substitute — there is nothing like Paxtine.

Write for the Free Box of Paxtine to-day.

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Want to learn all about a Horse? How to Pick Out a Good One? Know Imperfections and so Guard against Fraud? Detect Disease and Effect a Cure when same is possible? Tell the Age by the Teeth? What to call the Different Parts of the Animal? How to Shoe a Horse Properly? All this and other Valuable Information can be obtained by reading our 100-PAGE ILLUSTRATED HORSE BOOK, which we will forward, postpaid, on receipt of only 25 cents in stamps.

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A new order will give pension for age. Write to us at once for blanks and instructions. Free of charge. NO PENSION NO PAY.

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BEST FOR THE BOWELS

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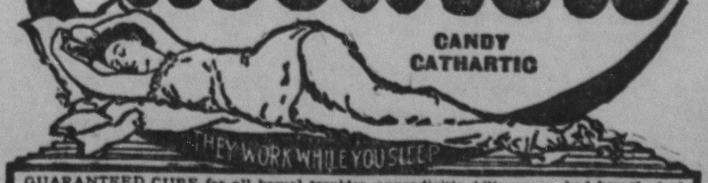

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TYNER'S DYSPEPSIA REMEDY Acts on Bowels.

FREE BOOKLET. Write, Box 138, Atlanta, Ga. ASK YOUR DRUGGIST.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

THURSDAY, JUNE 23, 1904.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Presbyterian—Centre Hall, evening; Spring Mills, morning.

Lutheran—No services.

Reformed—Centre Hall, morning; Tusseyville, afternoon.

[Appointments not given here have not been reported to this office.]

Methodist—Sprucetown, morning, Children's service; Centre Hall, afternoon, communion, sermon by Presiding Elder J. E. Bell. Spring Mills, evening, communion, sermon by Presiding Elder Bell.

LOCALS.

Mrs. Alice Bloom, of near Lemont, had a serious attack of appendicitis recently.

A district Sunday School convention will be held in Rebersburg, Tuesday, 25th.

The best matrimonial combination is a bride with a warm, soft heart and a groom with a cool, hard head.

McCalmont & Co. advertise farm machinery in this issue. See their adv. in reference to binder twine.

Mrs. Emmanuel Kerstetter, of Coburn, has suffered two paralytic strokes, both, however, of a mild form, from which she has almost recovered.

The college township school directors organized by electing John H. Shuey, president; G. W. Ralston, secretary, and Samuel Glenn, treasurer.

Among the sick at Penn Hall during the past month was Charles Burrell, son of Spear Burrell, of Penn Hall. He was a sufferer from appendicitis, but is recovering.

Farmers are beginning to see that the grass in many fields is rather short. There is a good set, but it appears to fail to lengthen. The crop, however, undoubtedly will be good.

Mrs. W. H. Swartz, of near Centre Hall, was the delegate from the Centre Hall society to the Woman's Missionary Convention of the United Evangelical church which met at Lewisburg.

Rev. Frank E. Lauffer, pastor of the Aaronsburg Reformed charge, has earned the degree of Doctor of Philosophy, having taken a post graduate course at Calvin College, Cleveland, Ohio.

Lincoln Steffens, of McClure's staff, in spite of his years of newspaper work, declares that he is a "journalist." "I am a reporter," he says, "yet not a newspaper reporter, so I think that I must be a journalist."

Perry O. Stiver, editor of the Freeport (Illinois) Bulletin, is one of the Democratic delegates to the St. Louis convention. Mr. Stiver is one of the young men who retained his early political training received in South Potter township.

Will B. Fischer, a senior at Gettysburg College, was obliged to leave that institution a short time prior to commencement, on account of sickness. He is at present ill at the home of his parents, Dr. and Mrs. W. E. Fischer, of Shamokin.

Among those from a distance who attended the commencement at State College was Stuart M. Leitzell, of Washington, D. C., himself a graduate of the institution. Mr. Leitzell has a son at State who completed his first year's work last week.

Miss Elsie Rishel, daughter of George H. Rishel, of Coburn, last week was the guest of Miss Lena Emerick, daughter of M. L. Emerick, in this place. The young Miss attracted considerable attention on account of her luxuriant hair and its great length.

Misses Eloise Schuyler, Bertha Wolf and Anna Dinges, Monday of next week, will go to St. Louis. The former is the alumnae delegate of the Woman's Fraternity Pi Beta Phi, and will remain but a short time. Misses Wolf and Dinges purpose staying in St. Louis for several months.

Miss Gertrude Davis, of Altoona, is the guest of Miss Bessie Weber, in this place. Samuel E. Weber, a special apprentice in the Altoona shops, is also at the Weber home, having come here to attend the commencement exercises at State, of which institution he is a graduate, and on account of the illness of his father prolonged his stay.

S. P. Hockman, of Mingoville, was a caller Monday, and had his name placed on the Reporter's subscription list. Mr. Hockman came to Centre Hall for Al. Osman, who will do the brick work on a dwelling house being erected in Hublersburg for Miss Sophia Rockey, which is being superintended by Mr. Hockman. This will be the first brick building in Hublersburg. The wood work is being done by the Hagen Brothers, Farmers Mills.

The Mifflinburg Telegraph has this to say of a lady who some years ago lived west of Centre Hall: The many friends of Mrs. Nathaniel Boob, who resides near town, will regret to learn that on last Saturday morning she was stricken with apoplexy of the right side. A messenger was dispatched on horse back, as fast as the steed could travel, to the office of Dr. J. C. Steans, who immediately responded to the call and did all that medical skill could suggest for her. At this writing she is getting along as well as can be expected.

Send the local news to the Reporter.

LOCALS.

The new gymnasium of Susquehanna University, erected by the Alumni, was dedicated last week.

Keep the alleys clean. A housekeeper is ofttimes judged by the condition of the alley next to her kitchen door.

Mrs. Emma Shutt, of Centre Hill, and Mrs. Frank Shutt, of Centre Hall, were callers at this office Saturday evening.

E. M. Huyett removed several pine trees in front of his Centre Hall residence and is making preparations to build a porch.

The Gregg township school directors will meet at the office of the secretary, Dr. H. S. Braucht, Saturday evening to elect teachers for that district.

Mrs. Samuel S. Kreamer and daughter, Rebecca, Wednesday went to Altoona to visit the former's brother, John O. Scholl. They will be gone two weeks.

The festival held in Grange Arcadia Saturday night was largely attended. The receipts were over forty dollars, a large per cent. of which will prove net earnings.

The Farmers Mills Union Sunday school will hold a festival Saturday evening at the church, to which all are invited. The Penn Hall band will furnish the music.

Linden Hall experienced a heavy thunder storm accompanied by hail Sunday evening. A similar storm raged in Bellefonte. At Centre Hall there was but a slight rain.

Prominent Lawyer Dead.

John A. McKee, Esq., one of Lewistown's most prominent lawyers, died at the age of sixty-eight years.

Corner-stone Laying.

The corner stone of the Pine Hall Lutheran church will be laid Sunday forenoon. Rev. J. M. Rearick, of this place, will assist in the services.

Goes to Susquehanna University.

Prof. E. M. Brungart, who for two years was principal of the Mifflinburg public schools, has been elected principal of the preparatory department of the Susquehanna University. Prof. Brungart was formerly from Rebersburg. He will be succeeded at Mifflinburg by Prof. Retz, of Pottstown.

Gehret's Body Recovered.

The body of Edward Gehret was recovered near Mill Hall Sunday. It will be remembered that the unfortunate man was drowned at Hayes' Run bridge, January 22. A dream had by a Mr. Kerns led to the discovery.

The body was shipped to Bellefonte where interment was made.

Dropped Over Dead on a Car.

F. R. Stoner, of Eagleville, while standing on a car on the North Bend and Kettle Creek railroad near North Bend Friday of last week, fell over and immediately expired. It is supposed he was attacked with heart trouble. Deceased was employed by the New York and Pennsylvania company in getting out paper mill wood. He was aged forty-five years and is survived by his wife and two children—Christ Stoner, of Philadelphia, and Mrs. Nettie Smith, of Johnsonburg. Interment was made at Eagleville, the services being conducted by the Masonic order of Bellefonte.

Rebersburg.

Noah Corman and wife left this week for St. Louis.

Orvis Frank spent a few days at Selinsgrove this week.

Miss Emma Bair was at Lock Haven last week visiting friends.

John Moyer, of this place, went to Centre Hall this week on a business trip.

Sallie Wance, of Zion, spent Saturday and Sunday at this place visiting friends.

Willis Weber, who is working at Lock Haven, spent Saturday and Sunday at home.

Miss Rebecca Moyer, of Bellefonte, is visiting her grandmother, Mrs. Chesta Stover.

Calvin Weaver, wife and two sons spent last week in Union county, visiting relatives.

Last Friday school closed at this place and the children were all glad to have a vacation.

Mrs. Hannah Hall, of Williamsport, visited relatives and friends at this place last week.

Quite a number of people from this place attended the Children's Day service at Smullton Sunday evening.

Walter Bair, of Aaronsburg, is making his home with his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bair, at this place.

Prof. Edgar Stover and daughter Grace, of Aaronsburg, visited his parents on Sunday in South Rebersburg.

Clark Gramley's molder, Mr. Holderman, is the happiest man in town, because he is papa of a bouncing baby girl.

The young people of this place went to Livonia last Saturday evening to attend the festival. All report having a very nice time.

There will be a Union Sunday school convention at this place Tuesday, June 28th, to be held in the Lutheran church. All those interested in Sunday school work are cordially invited to attend.

100,000 Shingles for Sale.

Messrs. Brisbin & Bradford, of Centre Hall, offer for sale 100,000 shingles, all grades and kinds.

Girl's Heart Moved Six Inches.

Annie Riley, thirteen years old, daughter of James Riley of Dickson City, Lackawanna county, is recovering from an operation by which her heart was moved six inches from the right side of her body back to its original position on the left side.

They May Come.

Voting machines may come into use in the State of Pennsylvania. An effort will be made at the next session of the legislature to have a bill enacted which will permit the use of the machine at the future elections. Governor Stone, it will be remembered, vetoed a similar bill. The argument against the machine was the expense of purchasing, which will cost something like $500 each. There are many arguments, however, in favor of the voting machine, one of which is that with the machines fraud is almost impossible, and the result of an election in each voting district can be ascertained immediately after the polls close, as the machine is self-registering.

A Constitution Muzzler.

As the Federal Constitution provides that the Governor of a State may fill a Senatorial vacancy by an appointment, which only holds good "until the next meeting of the Legislature," there will be an interregnum from January 3, 1905, until January 19—sixteen days—in which Pennsylvania will only have one Senator during the sitting of Congress.

Thus it will be seen that Governor Pennypacker will have managed to defeat the intent of both the Federal and State Constitutions by creating a temporary vacancy—a contingency which the makers of the Constitutions had seduously sought to avoid.

But no statesmanlike forethought or prevision could have anticipated the antics of Samuel W. Pennypacker. Has he not written that neither in thought nor in language did the Pennsylvania Constitution-makers show the careful deliberation that ought to have been exercised in order to hold him in the traces?

LOCALS.

John Sanders is home nursing a sore hand, caused by a lath striking it and penetrating the flesh.

Wm. G. Young, of Georges Valley, sold his property to John Lingle, of Ohio, for $1200. Mr. Lingle expects to occupy the premises April 1st, next.

Miss Elsie Confer has recovered sufficiently to return to her former home with Mr. and Mrs. Robert Finkle, near Spring Mills.

A board walk was laid in front of the Reformed church. It is the intention to have the exterior of the church painted, and other minor improvements will also be made.

J. A. Reesman and grandson, Robert McCormick, Saturday went to Joliet, Ill., where they will be the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Philip Mersinger, who are well known in Centre Hall and vicinity.

J. H. Weber, who has been ill of typhoid fever for some time, is improving, but hemorrhages of the lower bowels have been keeping him in a reduced condition and prevent his leaving the sick room.

Rev. G. C. H. Hasskarl, Ph. D., pastor of the Lutheran church at Loganton was installed Sunday by Rev. Luther Kuhlman, D. D., of Gettysburg Theological Seminary and Rev. D. E. Rupley, A. M., Lock Haven.

J. S. Houseman and W. M. Grove were surveying a disputed line at Colyer on Saturday, with Peter Smith acting as umpire between the disputants. Mr. Smith was also trying to find the owner of the knife he found.

D. Geiss Wagner, of Spring Mills, was in town last week. Mr. Wagner lives on the Corman farm, and says he finds farming quite different in Pennsylvania from what it is in Illinois where he lived previous to last spring.

M. Tibbens Zubler, of Spring Mills, was a caller in the interests of a Sunday school festival to be held at Farmers Mills. He will teach his fourth term of public school next winter, and is an applicant for the Farmers Mills school where he taught last term.

Cleveland Mitterling, who for the past few weeks had been at St. Louis and the fair, returned home Monday much delighted with his trip. He visited his brother Charles, in Chicago, and also Will Kerr. The latter, he says, is engaged with a large wholesale house.

Henry Rearick and G. F. Moody, of Altoona, last week made a tour through Centre county on bicycles. These gentlemen are both employed in the railroad shops, and their work is to build the large frames for locomotives, the weight of which is from four to five tons.

The Wrought Iron Range Company, of St. Louis, Missouri, advertises their steel ranges in this issue, and furnish a number of testimonials backing up their goods. The firm is represented in Centre Hall by S. J. Darrah, who with a number of men and teams are canvassing Penns and Nittany Valleys.

Coburn.

Mrs. Ezra Burd is on the sick list at present.

The Coburn cornet band intends holding a festival July 2nd.

T. A. Meyer and family visited friends at Lock Haven and Nittany Valley over Sunday.

The Sunday schools were not very largely attended on Sunday as so many people were off visiting.

Harry Frankenberger and family, of Smithtown, were Sunday visitors at the home of L. H. Stover.

It is amusing to see Mr. Rowe out along the creek with his two trained bird dogs, Pearl and John.

Mrs. Musser and son, of Brush Valley, visited her sister, Mrs. F. P. Vonada, Saturday and Sunday.

Helen Stonebreaker, who broke her left leg two weeks ago, while out hunting strawberries, is getting along nicely.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Harter went to Woodward on Sunday to see the new boy who came to the home of John Hosterman.

Misses Nellie Smith and Helen Luse, two bright little girls from Centre Hall, were guests at the home of Mrs. Cal Meyer.

Mrs. L. H. Stover was housed up a few days this week with rheumatism in her left arm and shoulder, but is improving.

Mrs. Emanuel Kerstetter had a paralytic stroke last Friday; her condition was critical at first but at present she is out of danger.

The town and ice cream parlors were thronged with people Saturday evening from all parts; it almost reminded one of festival evening.

W. H. Grove and family visited Mr. Grove's parents, near Bellefonte, last week; John Bower had charge of his store while they were gone.

Grandpa Bowersox, who has been sick nearly all winter and summer, had a very hard attack last week, but at this writing he is improving.

Mrs. Wert, of near Madisonburg, is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. E. Harter, a few days this week, also her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Hosterman.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Rowe, of Millersburg, are visiting their son, H. W. Rowe; Mrs. Rowe expects to remain here for the summer for her health.

The Coburn cornet band has a call to Clearfield the latter part of July, to the centennial, but have not fully decided to accept it; they have quite a number of calls near home.

L. H. Stover the beer man, was so busy making and delivering beer last week that he had to hire help; the Livonia band ordered twenty cases for their festival on the 18th. It took work to supply his customers and the festivals.

Pine Stump.

George Erhart bailed hay on Tuesday.

The farmers are crushing stones to make roads.

Irvin Burris made a business trip to Boalsburg on Tuesday.

Miss Jennie Magsty, of Bellefonte, is visiting Miss May Walker.

Benner Walker and family, of Pine Glenn, are visiting his father, Jacob Walker.

Misses Florence Rhone and Esther Snyder passed through here last Tuesday.

Mrs. Laura Pletcher, of Howard, visited at the home of Henry Houser last week.

Samuel Burris, Misses May Walker and Jennie Magsty called on Miss Ella Moyer Friday evening.

Mrs Henry Houser, of this place, and Mrs. Laura Pletcher, of Howard, spent Sunday at the home of Wm. Neff, at Tusseyville.

Messrs. Harry and Archie Moyer, and Lance Burris, and Miss Ella Moyer called on Miss May Walker Tuesday evening.

Miss Lizzie Snyder was sewing at the home of D. E. Snyder last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Fleisher are spending a few days with the latter's mother, Mrs. Irvin Burris.

Irvin Burris is putting up a separator house; his brother-in-law, James Stover, is helping him.

John Garver spent Sunday evening at Sprucetown.

The Children's Day service at Linden Hall last Sunday evening was well attended.

Burnham.

The soft iron foundries are not putting in full time, being off every Saturday.

The trolley road leading to the new park will soon be completed.

J. O. Stover, of Reedsville, was in town one day last week.

Homer Treaster, who is working for Mr. Teate, visited his home in Centre county quite recently.

Miss Sara E. Barger, of this place, visited her parents at Spring Mills over last Sunday.

Nittany Mountain.

The venerable William Knoffsinger had the misfortune to severely injure his eye by being struck by a snag. It was at first thought that the eye had been gouged out, but that is not the case.

Mrs. Hannah Smith, who had been in Altoona since the opening of spring, has returned to the home of her son, Jerry Smith.

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But we still have time to accommodate more. Honest and courteous treatment, the right goods at the lowest prices and the taking back of all goods that don't fully satisfy, are the features that please our customers. Give us a fair and square trial.

A fine lot of elegant Cooking Ware (entirely new here) has just been received and will be sold at very low prices.

White Fish (this year's catch) have been received by us. Every pail is guaranteed.

As a further saving for our customers we will sell
For one week only, beginning June 23rd

3 lbs. Best Pearl Tapioca - - - 08 cts.
3 pkgs. Jellycon (a delicious dessert) - 25 cts.

Old Meat of all kinds and 50 lbs. good Dried Apples wanted, at highest prices.

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